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THE MORNING STAR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
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VOL. LXII.--NO. 86. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, JUNE 30, 1898. WHOLE NO. 9,631

The Morning Star.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Friends of THE MORNING STAR will do us a favor by informing us of any failure on the part of newsdealers, or newsboys on railroad trains, to meet the public demand for copies of this paper.

OUTLINES.

It is reported at Sibony that the water supply of Santiago has been cut off; the Spanish General Pando with 8,700 men is moving from Manzamillo to reinforce Gen. Linares, the Spanish commander at Santiago, and is expected to reach the latter place July 3d; it is probable that an effort will be made to prevent a junction of the two forces. —Madrid advices say that the Spaniards at Manila are determined to fight to the death, and when the American troops arrive there will be desperate fighting; it is asserted that Camara's ships have begun the passage of the Suez Canal. —Admiral Dewey reports no change in the situation at Manila; the insurgent leader has made wonderful progress; he has conducted the war humanely. —Gen. Merritt and staff sailed on the steamer Newport yesterday from San Francisco, Cal., for Manila. —New York markets: Money on call quoted at 1@1½ per cent., the last loan being at 1½ per cent.; cotton quiet—middling 6⅝c; flour stronger and fairly active; wheat—spot firm, No. 2 red 88c; corn—spot firm, No. 2 37½c; rosin quiet; spirits turpentine quiet.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., June 29.

Temperature: 8 A.M., 81 deg.; 8 P.M. 81 deg.; maximum, 92 deg.; minimum, 78 deg.; mean, 85 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .40; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 4.53 inches.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 A. M. yesterday:

Heavy rains have fallen in the Mississippi valley and western districts, and lighter showers in several of the eastern districts. It is cooler west of the Mississippi. The following heavy precipitation (in inches) was reported: Mansfield, La., 3.00; Evergreen, Ala., 2.00; Dallas, Tex., 1.98; Vicksburg, Miss., 1.24; New Orleans, La., 1.14.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The Northwest storm area has moved eastward to central over Lake Superior, causing high southerly winds in the lake sections. Another low barometer area centers over Western Kansas, and a slight depression over Georgia. The pressure has decreased some in all sections, with the highest to-night in the central Gulf States and Ohio valley. Moderate showers have fallen during the day in Texas, Louisiana, Florida, Eastern North Carolina and in the upper lake region. The weather is mostly fair to-night, excepting at a few scattered stations, where cloudy weather is reported. Very high temperature continues in all sections, with light thunder storms noted along the South Atlantic coast. The temperature was highest in Georgia and South Carolina.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 1.5 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina: Fair weather; warmer in eastern portion, variable winds becoming southwesterly.

Port Almanac--June 30.

Sun Rises	4.45 A. M.
Sun Sets	7.20 P. M.
Day's Length	14 H. 35 M.
High Water at Southport	3.50 A. M.
High Water, Wilmington	9.20 A. M.

Gen. Shafter is working up a programme for Santiago which will give Spain another "sad but glorious day"

Some people think our warships are not fast enough. Perhaps not, but they generally manage to get there in pretty good shape.

In court in Montreal, Carranza and Dubosc swore they were only stopping in Canada for pleasure. Some people have a queer idea of fun and also of oaths.

Secretary Gage expresses the opinion that every dollar of the $200,000,000 bonds be first issued will be taken in subscriptions of $500 and less.

The New York *Herald* publishes a special from Kingston, stating that the Spanish troops had abandoned Morro Castle. They couldn't stand the Vesuvius eruptions.

Victor Blue, of Santiago reconnoitering fame, comes of true-blue North Carolina stock. His father fought in the Confederate army, his grandfather on his father's side in the war of 1812, and his great-grandfather in the revolutionary war.

The gentleman who made the discovery that if it hadn't been for Admiral Sampson's mother he wouldn't be where he is to-day struck a rock bottom fact. The only gentleman of whom we know anything whose mother didn't figure in his subsequent proceedings was Adam, and if he had had a mother to look after him he might escaped his green apple experience.

A POLITICAL MESS.

What delightful sensations must thrill the Populist candidates, Keith, Schulken, and perhaps others, who were supported for fifty-six ballots in the Populist congressional convention at Wadesboro yesterday, and who were then defeated by Col. Office Hunter Dockery, an old-time Radical Republican who had previously been nominated by his own party on a platform indorsing the McKinley administration, including a high tariff, the single gold standard, and about everything else the Populists are antagonizing.

Did Butler order the convention to nominate or indorse Col. Office Hunter Dockery? or did he order it to make a straight Populist nomination? As the convention was so evenly divided on that issue, it becomes interesting to know just what Butler favored.

When Admiral Sampson learned that he had been misinformed as to the mutilation of our dead by the Spaniards at Guantanamo, he promptly withdrew the charge of mutilation which he had made in his report of the battle.

As the Spaniards in Cuba are forced to do more real fighting they haven't time to do so much on the typewriter and consequently they are not winning so many "brilliant" victories.

As Cervera's father was a wine merchant, he had some bottling experience before he went into Santiago.

The Spanish Cortes adjourned without the usual cheers for the throne. The fact is it wasn't in a cheery mood.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Regatta—Carolina Yacht Club.

Vollers & Hashagen—We want your trade.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Summer pasturage for horses.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. Cal. Livingston returned home yesterday, after spending two weeks in New York city.

— Rev. B. W. Spillman, of Raleigh, secretary of the Baptist Sunday School Board, is in the city.

— Mr. A. G. Holmes, of Council's Station, was a welcome visitor to the STAR office yesterday.

— Miss Lura H. Wheeler left yesterday for Little's Mills, Richmond county, to spend several months.

— Mr. John Ernest Graves, of Georgia, is spending several days here and on the beach, the guest of friends.

— Mrs. J. J. Fowler and daughter returned yesterday from a visit of several weeks to relatives in Columbia and Sumter.

— Messrs. F. P. Sidbury, of Ashton, and W. D. Shaw, of Elkton, were here yesterday calling on the wholesale merchants.

— The STAR learns with regret of the serious illness of Mrs. W. A. Farriss, wife of the proprietor of the Palace Bakery.

— Mis Agnes Foy, of Newbern, arrived in the city yesterday and is the guest of Miss Abbie Chadbourn on Ocean View beach.

— Miss Emma Stevenson, of Newbern, is the guest of Miss Nellie Emerson at Mr. T. M. Emerson's cottage on Ocean View beach.

— Miss Sallie A. Wilson, of Richmond, who has been here on a visit, returned home yesterday. She was accompanied by Miss Mamie Daniels, of this city, who goes to Richmond to visit relatives and friends.

— Among the visitors in the city yesterday were Mrs. W. T. Bannerman, Mrs. Bruce Williams and daughter, Miss Maggie, Miss Susie E. Farrior and Miss Robbie Croom, all of Burgaw.

The Clinton Excursion.

The excursion from Clinton did not arrive yesterday, somewhat to the disappointment of several people who expected it to bring relatives. The trouble was that two drive wheels of the engine ran off the track, owing to the spreading of the latter. This happened at or very near Clinton. As it took some time to get started after the slight mishap, the excursionists gave up their trip. The rumors yesterday that some of the excursionists were hurt, were altogether idle.

After Many Years.

Mr. R. E. Craig, a prosperous merchant of Columbia, S. C., is in the city. He says this is his first visit here since the war. He was stationed near "Sugar Loaf Mountain" towards the close of the war as a member of the Second South Carolina cavalry. To a STAR reporter he expressed much astonishment at the great industrial progress of the city and vicinity.

More Troops For Caswell.

The government is evidently going to place plenty of troops at Fort Caswell. A detachment of seven recruits arrived here Monday and were carried down on the *Buck*. This morning eleven more soldiers will come via the Atlantic Coast Line and proceed to Caswell on the first boat.

DUFFY-TAYLOR.

Randolph Duffy, Esq., and Miss Annie L. Taylor Married at Catherine Lake Yesterday.

Randolph Duffy, Esq., and Miss Annie Lee Taylor were united in marriage at the home of the bride's father, Col. S. B. Taylor, near Catherine Lake, in Onslow county, yesterday at 8 A. M. The ceremony was performed by Rev. C. W. Howard in the presence of a few intimate friends and relatives.

The groom is an able young lawyer, the present Democratic nominee for solicitor in this district, and was during the session of the 1897 State Legislature one of the most active members on the Democratic side of the House. The bride is a charming and accomplished lady, a sister of Mrs. R. S. Collins, of this city, who was present at the marriage. Miss Eloise and Mr. Marcellus Wooten, of Kinston, niece and nephew of the groom, were also among the attendants from a distance. Soon after the ceremony the bridal party left by private conveyance for Jacksonville (eleven miles) where they boarded the train for this city, arriving here on the 12.20 Newbern train. They dined and spent the afternoon at The Orton and left for Goldsboro on the evening train. It is their purpose to spend several weeks in the Western part of the State. Buffalo Springs may be among the points visited.

The STAR joins a host of friends in wishing for Mr. and Mrs. Duffy a happy and prosperous wedded life.

ALONG BLACK RIVER.

Points of Interest Seen from the Deck of the Steamer Frank Sessoms.

A reader of the STAR, who has recently made a visit up Black river on the steamer *Frank Sessoms*, writes a communication in which he speaks very enthusiastically about the people and places along the river.

The first place he stopped at was Clear Run, where he was much impressed with the big saw mill industry that Mr. A. J. Johnson has established there. Mr. C. I. Robinson is the efficient manager of the mill.

The next stop was at Newkirk's bridge, where the traveller found the naval store business of the enterprising young merchant, Mr. F. R. Corbett.

Still further up, a stop was made at Mr. J. W. S. Robinson's place. This gentleman is spoken of as one of the leading merchants and farmers in his section.

At Mill Creek the extensive turpentine and shingle business of Messrs. Hawes & Sellers attracts the attention of the boat's passengers; while at Long View he is cordially received by "big Frank Sessoms whose heart is proportionate to his body."

The communication makes also exceedingly pleasant references to Mr. Ed. Sutton and Capt. Black, of Point Caswell and Capt. Ward, the obliging master of the *Frank Sessoms*.

CAROLINA YACHT CLUB.

Annual Regatta Next Monday Over the Course at Wrightsville.

Mr. J. Van B. Metts, chairman of the Regatta Committee of the Carolina Yacht Club, has an ad in the STAR this morning giving all necessary information about the annual regatta which will be sailed next Monday, July 4th, over the club's course in the Banks channel.

All entries must be made with the Chairman of the Regatta Committee, before Saturday afternoon, July 2nd. The yachts that have been entered so far are the *Bubble*, by Mr. Norwood Giles; *Sprite* by Mr. A. E. Peschau; *Mabel*, by Mr. E. A. Metts; *Francis Marion*, by Mr. W. N. Harriss; *Little Alice*, by Mr. J. V. B. Metts; *Mascot*, by Mr. Geo. D. Parsley.

It is probable that the *Bertha*, a beautiful little yacht that was brought here on the schooner *Chauncey E. Burk* last Saturday, will be in the regatta. She is what is called a "mosquito boat," though she does not belong to the mosquito fleet. It is said that she won every race that she was entered in last season at Atlantic City. Mr. C. D. Maffitt has bought the *Bertha*.

In Justice Bunting's Court.

Justice R. H. Bunting had four cases in his court yesterday all for offences committed in a single locality—what is known as "Bull Neck" at the corner of Tenth and Mulberry streets.

Estella Smith, colored, was committed to jail in default of a $50 bond on the charge of committing a nuisance by cursing and swearing in the street persistently for three hours. John Acy, colored was convicted of disorderly conduct and fined $5.00 and costs. Jas. H. Howe, Jr., and Richard McCarther, both colored, were convicted of disorderly conduct and judgment was suspended on the payment of costs. Justice Bunting says he is doing his best to breakup the wholesale meanness carried on for some time in that locality.

Talking About the War Tax.

It was hard to tell yesterday which was the most absorbing topic the weather or the war revenue bill. The latter certainly had its share of the conversation, Everybody nearly will feel the law and everybody has something to say about it. Every conceivable business will be taxed and the demand for revenue stamps tomorrow, when the law goes into effect, will be very brisk.

LOCAL DOTS.

— The firemen of Newbern are perfecting arrangements for an excursion to this city to be given some time between July 10th and 15th.

— The regular, *bona fide* circulation of THE MORNING STAR is much larger than that of any other daily newspaper published in Wilmington.

— A delightful hop will be given by the Seaboard Hotel Saturday night. The public is invited to attend. There will be a late train, leaving the beach at 11.30 o'clock.

— Licenses for the marriage of two colored couples were issued yesterday. They were for William Wallace to Maggie Moseley and James Washburn to Martha Davis.

— Ex-Sheriff E. W. Taylor, of Brunswick county, sends the STAR some cotton blooms picked June 27th. He expects to make a fine crop of the staple this year.

—Between three and four hundred people bought tickets on the excursion to Carolina Beach yesterday, given on the steamer *Wilmington* by Market Street M. E. Sunday School

—The remains of Andrew Shepard, colored, were interred yesterday by undertaker Evans. Shepard was fatally injured last Monday at Kidder's mill. He was struck by a heavy plank which flew off from one of the saws.

— Rev. Milton A. Barber, the new rector of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, is expected to arrive here to enter upon the duties of his new charge Friday afternoon. He was formally ordained as a deacon yesterday at Washington, N. C.

— Justice J. M. McGowan yesterday tried Eliza Berten, colored, on the charge of selling beer without license. His decision was reserved until to-day. The warrant was sworn out in Justice Fowler's Court and removed on affidavit.

— Letters received here yesterday from boys on board the *Nantucket* announce that a base ball nine made up from the ship's crew will cross bats with a Savannah, Ga., team in that city July 4th. Mr. Jim St. Clair will play first base for the *Nantucket* team.

— The following guests are registered at Mrs. Mayo's hotel, on Ocean View beach: Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Young, Charlotte; C. B. Root, Raleigh; John Murchison, W. H. Taylor, LaGrange, N. C.; T. W. Hawkins, wife and four children, Charlotte.

— There were two cases in the Mayor's Court yesterday. C. Fisher was arraigned on the charge of riding a wheel on the sidewalk. He was found guilty and made to pay the costs in the case. Spencer Stanford was also made to pay the costs in a case for drunkenness.

Our Monday Edition.

An advance of 25 per cent. has been made by the Associated Press in the weekly assessment of the STAR for telegraphic reports, on account of the increased cost of gathering the war news. This, with a considerable advance recently in the price of printing paper, has added materially to our expenses, and for this reason we have decided to discontinue our Monday edition which we have been furnishing for some time free of cost to our subscribers, but at considerable cost to ourselves.

Gone to the Chautauqua.

Miss Hamme closed her classes in music Tuesday and left yesterday for Chautauqua, where she will study under Prof. Sherwood, one of the most celebrated teachers of music in America. While Miss Hamme is already an accomplished musician, with the spirit of the true teacher, she seeks every Summer the advantage of improvement under leading pianists and a contact with the musical world. She has taught in our midst for two years with great satisfaction to her patrons, and will return in the Fall to resume her classes.

Residence Ransacked.

Burglars entered Mr. M. J. Corbett's house, on Fourth street between Dock and Orange, Tuesday night, and without removing anything completely ransacked the house from top to bottom. Bureau drawers were pulled out and their contents, as well as the contents of wardrobes, were scattered over the floor. There was some valuable jewelry in some of the drawers, but this was not taken. A bunch of false keys was found on the premises, but other than this there is no clue to the identity of the intruder.

Died at Marine Hospital.

The remains of Mr. Theodore Arthur were sent to Beaufort for interment yesterday. He died at the Marine Hospital Tuesday from the effects of injuries sustained while laboring on the government works at the mouth of the Cape Fear river. A piece of timber fell upon him and caused a rupture of the liver. The deceased was a resident of Beaufort and was 24 years of age.

Columbia Excursion Car.

An excursion car was attached to the regular Southern A. C. L. train arriving here at 12:20 P. M. yesterday. There were only about 35 excursionists. They will leave here on the return trip at 3:45 P. M. to-day.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Exercises at Jefferson Lodge in Honor of the Election of Col. W. J. Woodward Vice Chancellor.

Jefferson Lodge No. 61, Knights of Pythias, had exercises last night in honor of Col. W. J. Woodward's election as Vice Chancellor of the Grand Lodge of the domain of North Carolina. There was a number of visitors from sister Pythian lodges, and they were cordially welcomed by Capt. Jas. C. Morrison. Speeches in keeping with the occasion were made by Past Chancellor S. Behrends, of Germania Lodge No. 4; Mr. J. D. Nutt, of Clarendon Lodge No, 2, and W. L. Jacobs, of Stonewall Lodge No. 1. Col. W. J. Woodward spoke in a pleasant way and expressed his sincere gratitude for the demonstration in his honor. Ice cream and cake were served to the Knights, and Col. Woodward dispensed sweet music from the gramophone during the exercises.

DEMOCRATS IN COUNCIL.

Meeting of Delegates to Congressional Convention—Chairman Elected.—The Entertainment Committee.

A meeting of the delegates and alternates to the Congressional Convention which meets next Wednesday night at the Court House was held last night at the office of W. B. McKoy Esq. Mr. F. H. Stedman was made chairman and Mr. T. W. Clawson was requested to act as secretary.

Mr. Wm. H. Bernard was made chairman of the delegation and on motion was empowered to appoint members of the committees on credentials and resolutions, and such other committees as the convention may require.

On motion of Mr. H. McL. Green, W. B. McKoy, Esq., was made a member of the Congressional District Committee.

The following were constituted the entertainment committee: Col. F. W. Kerchner, D. C. Love, H. P. West, F. H. Stedman, M. W. Jacobi, and J. M. McGowan.

POPULIST CONVENTION.

O. H. Dockery, Gold-bug Republican, Nominated for Congressman From the Sixth District Over B. F. Keith.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

WADESBORO, N. C. June, 29.—O. H. Dockery, the nominee of a Republican convention which endorsed McKinley's gold-bug administration, was nominated by the Populist convention which met here to-day, on the 56th ballot receiving on that ballot 87 votes to 37 for B. F. Keith of Wilmington. At one time Keith came within three votes of a nomination, but it was evident that the convention would ultimately nominate Dockery, the greatest office-hunter that ever lived or died.

Orion Lodge, I. O. O. F.

At last night's regular weekly meeting Orion Lodge No. 67, I. O. O. F. elected officers for the ensuing semi-annual term as follows:

S. P. G.—J. W. Cate.
N. G.—W. C. Moore.
V. G.—E. E. Ellsworth.
R. S.—L. Tate Bowden.
F. S.—J. E. Silva.
Treasurer—H. O. Craig.

The installation of these officers will take place next Wednesday night and District Deputy Grand Master H. E. Bonitz will be the installing officer.

Marriage at the Rectory.

At St. James' rectory last night about 8.30 o'clock Miss Lucy E. Waddill, of Bennettsville, S. C., was united in marriage to Mr. W. L. Burkhimer, of this city. Dr. Strange performed the ceremony. The only attendants at the marriage were two brothers of the bride, one of whom, Mr. J. B. Waddill, is stenographer at the Wilmington Cotton Mills. The bride has been in the city the past several months, the guest of her brothers. Mr. Burkhimer is a clerk in Mr. Andrew Smith's real estate office.

Fatally Injured.

Andrew Shepard, a colored man, aged about thirty years, died Tuesday from the effects of injuries received at the mill of the Hilton Lumber Company last Monday. He was operating a "rip" saw, when a piece of timber flew off and struck him in the chest over the heart. He was knocked senseless, but restoratives were administered. The injuries proved fatal, however, and resulted in death the morning after the accident.

Before Magistrate Bornemann.

Sarah Mack was before Justice Bornemann yesterday charged with disorderly conduct, and Primus Barnes, Ella Wells, Rosa Fields and one other person had to answer to the charge of having committed assault and battery. All the offences were trivial and the offenders were released upon the payment of costs.

Supposed Case of Smallpox in Reidsville.

Dr. C. P. Wertenbaker, smallpox expert, left yesterday for Reidsville in response to orders from Surgeon General Wyman to ascertain if a supposed case of smallpox in that town is the genuine article. In Dr. Wertenbaker's absence, Dr. T. S. Burbank is in charge of the Marine Hospital.

NEWS FROM RALEIGH.

A General Court Martial Ordered for the Second Regiment Next Week.

THE RAILROAD COMMISSION.

Raleigh and Gaston Company Given Leave to File an Amended Answer to Governor Russell's Complaint on the Passenger Rate Question.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., June 29.

The finance committee of the North Carolina Railroad, after reviewing the accounts of the treasurer and the secretary, reported everything correct and in the best of order.

Two deserters from Asheville arrived here on the morning train to-day under heavy guard. They have been confined in Buncombe county jail for two weeks, and will be put in chains here awaiting court martial.

Mrs. T. J. Pence, mother of Mr. Thos. Pence, city editor of the *Morning Post*, died this morning, after a short illness.

The military ball to be given by officers of the Second regiment has been postponed until Tuesday night on account of the Fourth of July celebration here. Large crowds are expected and railroads will probably give special rates on this occasion.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

General Brooke orders a general court martial after July first, the following to compose the court: Major Wilder; Captains Gray, Durham, Wagner and Cooper; Lieutenants Carter, Farrior, Cowan and Deal. Adjutant R. L. Gray is designated judge advocate. Battalion Adjutant MacRae will act as regimental adjutant for Gray.

W. J. Ray, eighteen years old, Wilkes county, is insane.

Three pharmacists and one tailor left this afternoon for Jacksonville, for the Seventh army corps. Two clerks were sent to Fort Macon from the Second regiment to assist Lieutenant Harlow, to muster the Third regiment, negroes.

The Railroad Commission has granted Mount Airy's petition for an uptown telegraph office.

The Raleigh & Gaston, upon application made Tuesday, was given leave to file an amended answer to Gov. Russell's complaint in the passenger rate question, on July 12th, when the commission meets again, and will render decision.

The afternoon session of the Commission was given to the discussion of re-assessment of railway property, asked for by the Governor through his counsel, Hinsdale.

Fifteen recruits were sent to Jacksonville to-day.

CLEVELAND SRRINGS.

The Ideal Summer Resort for Those Seeking Rest and Pleasure—And Also For the Invalid.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

SHELBY, N. C., June 27th, 1898.

Having been resting at Cleveland Springs for several days past your correspondent takes great pleasure in giving his impressions concerning this deservedly popular Summer resort. To those seeking health or pleasure, we would say "come to Cleveland."

As to location, it is hard to find a place more desirable than this. The springs are just two miles from Shelby, a beautiful little city of 3,000 people situated on the Seaboard Air Line, thus affording many advantages not to be found at some other resorts. While more convenient and accessible than many resorts in the mountains, it has all the advantages of these places—being absolutely free from malaria and continually fanned by the mountain breeze. Cleveland is in sight of the Blue Ridge and in close proximity to King's Mountain.

The hotel has recently been repaired and renovated, and with all modern appliances is in every way up-to-date.

As to the water here, we doubt if there is any water having more health-giving qualities. There are thirteen springs and four different kinds of mineral water. The white sulphur spring here, perhaps, bears the best analysis of any water in the State. Thousands who have drunk of this spring testify to its remedial qualities.

Under the present management the fare and attention given is all that one could wish. With Mr. E. E. Post as caterer, the table fare is well prepared and well served. Here is what he gave us for dinner to-day: Soup, mock turtle; boiled, leg of mutton, with capers; boiled Spanish mackerel, egg sauce; roast, ribs of beef, with dish gravy; spring lamb, mint sauce. Entrees—Fried spring chicken, tram style, deviled crabs, Newport style. Vegetables, new boiled potatoes, steamed rice, snap beans, green peas, cabbage in cream, asparagus, cream sauce. Desert, English plum pudding, brandy sauce; vanilla ice cream, assorted cake, apples, peaches, &c.

The social features at "Cleveland" add no little to the pleasure of the guests. Mr. and Mrs. Miller, both genial and pleasant, and their charming daughter, Miss Madgalene, do all in their power to make every one feel at ease and enjoy themselves; while Mr. J. E. Montegue and Mr. Paul Webb, who assist in the management, are very clever and accommodating.

Perhaps the chief of this season's attractions at Cleveland is the excellent music given by Asbury's Trio, late of Charlotte. The gentlemen who compose this trio are skilled musicians—artists in their profession. Mr. J. H. Asbury is well known in Charlotte and very popular as a flutist, having graduated under Chas. T. Howe, of Columbus, Ohio. Mr. Adolph Farber, violinist, of Germany, was for many years principal musician in the German army, also at Basel Opera House, Switzerland. Mr. E. Louis Mansfield, pianist, is from London, being a graduate of the Royal College of music there.

No mineral waters in the world is superior to that of Jackson Springs for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration or Kidney, Bladder and Stomach troubles. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

BUSINESS LOCALS
IN "THE MORNING STAR"
COST BUT A CENT A WORD.
NO AD. FOR LESS THAN 20c.

HAVE YOU LOST ANYTHING?
HAVE YOU FOUND ANYTHING?
WANT TO SELL A HOUSE?
WANT TO RENT A HOUSE?
NEED A COOK?
WANT A NURSE?
WANT TO BORROW MONEY?
WANT TO LEND MONEY?
WANT A SITUATION?
WANT A BOOKKEEPER?

WANT TO BUY OR SELL A COW OR HORSE?
DO YOU WISH TO SELL A FARM?
DO YOU WISH TO BUY A FARM?
DO YOU WANT A WIFE?

Do You Want Anything?

A Cent a Word is a Mere Trifle for An Advertisement.
The Price is so Low That You Can Afford to Detail Your Needs in Print, and Save Correspondence.

Try "The Morning Star."

Guaranteed Circulation Larger Than That of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

Injured By Lightning.

A severe flash of lightning, a little after one o'clock this morning, struck the switchboard of the Inter-State Telephone Exchange and caused considerable damage, the extent of which the operator in charge was not able to ascertain until an electrician can make an examination.

The lightning seemed to have taken effect just inside the room where the wires connect with the switchboard and instantly almost every key on the board dropped and could not be closed. There was no special damage in the Bell Telephone Exchange.

A second flash also took effect on the fire alarm system, causing both bells and the gongs in the fire company stations to ring.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

New Series.

The first instalment of the Tenth Series of the N. C. Home Building Association is payable on Saturday, July 2nd, at office in Seaboard Air Line Building, Front street

FRANK H. STEDMAN, Secretary and Treasurer
je 8 tf

For Rent.

A FEW COTTAGES FOR RENT on Carolina Beach. Also one six room Cottage at Ocean View.

D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent.
je 21 tf

TAX NOTICE!

The Tax-listers of Cape Fear, Mason boro, Federal Point and Harnett Townships will meet at the

County Court House, on Thursday, June 30th,

for the purpose of Listing Taxes of non-residents owning property in said Townships.

F. W. Foster, Chairman Board County Commissioners.
je 24 tf fr su th

Carolina Yacht Club.

The Annual Regatta

will be sailed over the Club's course in the Banks Channel,

Monday, July 4th, 1898.

All entries must be made with the Chairman of the Regatta Committee before Saturday afternoon, July 2nd. Boats are ordered to report at the Club house promptly at 5 P. M. Race will start at 5.30 P. M.

J. VanB. Metts, Chairman Regatta Committee.
je 30 tf

Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 27TH, 1898.

Leave Wilmington daily, except Sundays, 6.30 and 10.10 A. M.; 2.30, 5.00 and 7.15 P. M. Sunday, 10.10 A. M., 2.30 and 7.15 P. M.

Leave Ocean View daily, except Sundays, at 7.30 and 11.30 A. M.; 5.45, 6.00 and 10 P. M. Sunday, 11.30 A. M., 6 and 9.30 P. M.

On Fridays there will be two late trains up, 10 and 11.30 P. M.

The Saturday Special, leaving Wilmington at 1 P. M., and the 11.30 P. M. train from Ocean View, will be discontinued.

Freight will be carried on the 10.10 A. M. and 5 P. M. trains only, except vegetables and meats on the 6.30 A. M. No goods will be received unless accompanied by a way bill and freight prepaid.

GEO. R. FRENCH, President.
R. C. GRANT Superintendent. je 28 tf

Carolina Beach and Southport STEAMBOAT LINE.

Following Schedule in Effect After Wednesday, June 1.

Leave Wilmington, daily except Sunday, for Carolina Beach, 6 and 9.15 A. M.; 3 and 5.15 P. M. Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday—Leave Wilmington, 1.30 P. M.; leave Beach, 5.30 P. M.

Leave Beach, 7 A. M.; 1.00 P. M.; 5.45 P. M.; 6.00 P. M.

Leave Wilmington Sunday, 10 A. M.; 2.30 P. M.; Leave Beach, 12.30 P. M.; 6 P. M.

9.15 A. M. boat through for Southport—Leaves Southport, 12.00 M.

Fare on 9.15 and 7.30 P. M boats to pier and return, 25 cents.

J. W. Harper.
je 6 tf

We Want Your Trade.

WE WILL WORK FOR IT. WE DEAL IN GENERAL PROVISIONS. WE ARE AGENTS FOR.

Plankinton Hams, Squire's Pig Bellies,

NOT EQUALLED ANYWHERE GUARANTEED TRADE MAKERS. WE HAVE SOME OF THOSE

5c Sellers,

Topical Twist-head. Cuban Blossom, Brown,

Also 10c Sellers,

Perfectos, El Captain General.

After July 1st, You Pay the Extra Tax, Until then we Sell at Old Prices. Do About Or Get Left.

Vollers & Hashagen,

GRAIN AND PROVISION DEALERS,

je 30 tf Nutt Street, A. C. L. Crossing.

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK.

AT A MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, HELD JUNE 22ND, THE USUAL

Semi-annual Dividend of 3 Per Cent.

Was Declared.

LOCAL STOCKHOLDERS MAY RECEIVE THEIR DIVIDEND CHECK BY CALLING AT THE BANK

J. W. Norwood, President.
je 28 tf

Special Meeting

OF THE

Stockholders of the Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R. Co.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE WILMINGTON, COLUMBIA AND AUGUSTA RAILROAD CO.

WILMINGTON, N. C., JUNE 21, 1898.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Wilmington, Columbia and Augusta Railroad Company, duly called and held at Room No 18, Chamber of Commerce building, in the city of Baltimore, Md., on Friday, the 17th day of June, 1898, it was

Resolved, That a special meeting of the stockholders of this Company be and the same is hereby called by this Board, to be held at the office of the Company in the city of Florence, South Carolina, on Friday, the 15th day of July, 1898, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of considering and acting upon the question of securing the surrender of the lease of the railroad and property of this Company now held by the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company, and for the further purpose of considering and acting upon the question of the consolidation of this Company with the North Eastern and other railroad companies of South Carolina, under the Act of the General Assembly of South Carolina, entitled "An Act to incorporate the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company of South Carolina and to authorize the consolidation of certain railroads under that name," approved March 5, 1897, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

JAMES F. POST, Jr., Secretary.
je 22 21t

The University.

Largest patronage and fullest equipment in its history. Faculty, 36; Students, 395; 3 Academic Courses; 5 Elective Courses; 3 Professional Schools, in Law, Medicine and Pharmacy.

Advanced Classes open to women. Tuition $60 a year; Board $9 a month. Ample opportunity for self-help. Scholarships and loans for the needy. Summer School for Teachers, 24 Instructors, 165 Students. Total enrollment, 670. For Catalogue, address,

PRESIDENT ALDERMAN, Chapel Hill, N. C.
fe 21 2w

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve months, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 30, 1898

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.

First District—Hon. George H. Brown, of Beaufort.
Second District—Hon. Henry R. Bryan, of Craven.
Fifth District—Hon. Thomas J. Shaw, of Guilford.
Sixth District—Hon. Oliver H. Allen, of Lenoir.
Seventh District—Hon. Thomas A. McNeill, of Robeson.
Eleventh District—Hon. W. Alexander Hoke, of Lincoln.

FOR SOLICITOR.

Sixth District—Rodolph Duffy, of Onslow.

NOT SO DIFFICULT TO SOLVE.

The advocates of the retaining of possession of the Philippine islands by the United States say that the opponents of such possession have pointed out no way by which the United States can honorably get around the responsibility of holding and ruling those islands after their conquest, and it would never do to turn them over to Spain. They seem to assume that there is only one of two courses for the United States to pursue; either to hold and govern the islands or to turn them over to Spain. This is an assumption without the shadow of foundation, and it shows a lack of fairness because the opponents of holding the islands have, in spite of the assertions to the contrary, pointed out a way by which the United States can honorably discharge the responsibility devolving upon them without recognizing Spain in the premises at all.

It has never been suggested by any opponent of the so-called imperialism that the islands be turned over to Spain, and we do not believe that there is one person in 999,000 who would assent to that. By common and universal sentiment in this country Spain is entirely out, and under no circumstances can she come in as a prospective ruler of the people who have rebelled against her oppression and been successful in the rebellion. In these columns a way has been suggested by which the problem as to our relations to the islands may be solved, and others have suggested ways. The Washington *Post*, which is an advocate of retention insists that this is all the United States can do, that to do anything else would be shirking our responsibility, and would really be a disgraceful pulling down of our flag. It quotes the following solution of the problem from the Pittsburg *Dispatch:*

"There is no disposition to return the men who are fighting so gallantly for their freedom to Spanish oppression. There is little disposition to sell the islands to any one. It is untrue that no one has suggested any other way of getting out or keeping out of the Philippines than by a surrender to Spain, and it is untrue that there is no other alternative.

"What can be done is to show that the United States is true to its principles and pledges, by, first, encouraging the people of the Philippines to establish such a measure of self-government as they are prepared for; second, to maintain the supervision and guidance which shall guarantee their independence and insure the stability and progress of their government; third, to invite the co-operation of other powers in that guarantee and supervision on terms which shall secure for the United States what it has a right to seek, namely, open ports for its commerce throughout the entire east."

The *Post* insists that this is impracticable and apparently takes it for granted that the people of those islands are incapable of self-government and therefore we must govern them, to save them from themselves. We agree with it in dissenting from the concluding suggestion, because that would be a sort of joint stock business, entered into by parties who have too little in common to agree as to the way the business should be conducted, and the probabilities are that each would soon suspect the other of taking advantage of the trust it held and then the wrangling might begin which might end in seemingly more serious than wrangling for the Philippines.

We presume the Government of the United States knows the relations that exist between the Philippine insurgents and Admiral Dewey, but the public does not and therefore the public does not know what obligation this country may be under to these insurgents. Evidently they have been encouraged to make war on Spanish authority, to fight Spaniards and to kill them in battle, and have had the assurance that in this they would have the support of the United States, as they have had. They are to proclaim their independence, and in this they have had at least the tacit consent of Admiral Dewey, who is the duly authorized representative of the United States.

Now assuming that all this is so (and we do not know anything to the contrary), how can the United States assert sovereignty over those islands when the footing has been won by the co-operation of the rebels against Spain, who were fighting for independence and not for a change of masters? We contend that any action taken by this Government to hold and rule these islands without the full consent and co-operation of the insurgents, who are now and have been co-operating with Admiral Dewey, would be a breach of faith in no way defensible. As we see it, the only honorable and honest course for the United States to pursue after abolishing Spanish rule is to aid the revolutionists to establish a government of their own, and when they have done that, the United States having in the meantime secured a port as a base of supplies, let them retire from the islands and let these people govern themselves, just as we have pledged ourselves to do in the case of Cuba.

If we do this for Cuba, why not for the Philippines, whose people have co-operated with us in warring upon Spain, as the fighters for freedom in Cuba are doing? Is it because Cuba is near, and the Philippines farther away, or because we are bound by pledges in the case of Cuba? We do not see how distance can affect the merits of the question, and as for the pledges, we virtually made the same pledge for the Philippines that we made for Cuba, and possibly we may be under binding pledges to the allies of the United States who have acted under the direction of Admiral Dewey and so zealously and effectively co-operated with him. All this precludes the scheme of conquest with a view to holding these islands, or assuming any government of them without the voluntary consent of their people. With that consent it would not be conquest but something quite different.

CHAIRMAN SIMMONS.

With full appreciation of the marked ability, the tireless energy, the unflagging zeal, and the party devotion of Chairman Manly, who through the last campaign so acceptably presided over the Democratic State Executive Committee, the STAR congratulates the Democracy of the State on the election of his successor, Hon. F. M. Simmons, who as manager of the campaign of 1892 showed such signal ability and alert sagacity. He did not seek the honor, fully realizing the efficiency and services of Chairman Manly, and only consented to accept in obedience to the call when it was fully understood that Chairman Manly, for private but sufficient reasons, desired to be relieved.

With Chairman Manly we would have an energetic, aggressive campaign, but with the election of Mr. Simmons we have an assurance of that in his past record, and in his well known zeal, his experience, and his earnest desire for the success of his party, to which, in accepting the honor conferred upon him, he waives his personal inclinations and subordinates his private interests.

We part with Chairman Manly reluctantly and with full appreciation of the services he has rendered, and greet Chairman Simmons with the full assurance of confidence in his ability and willingness to meet and discharge the responsible duties that will devolve upon him, in all of which he will have the hearty and loyal co-operation of a solid and confident Democracy.

MINOR MENTION.

We do not know what is thought of it in Spain but viewing it from this side it is hard to understand the little resistance offered by the Spanish commander in Santiago to the march of the United States troops on that city. Considering the nature of the country, the scarcity of roads and the almost impassible condition of the few there are, with the dense forest through which the narrow roads run, it seems to us that there were splendid opportunities to attack and harrass an army which had to march much of the way in single file, while it was a herculean task to get artillery over the horrid roads. The only resistance made was in the ambuscade of last Friday when they lay concealed in the thicket and shot down some of our advance guard, but precipitately fled when the open ground was reached and our men could see something to shoot at. Perhaps this may be Spanish strategy to encourage the impression of weakness and make our commanders less cautious, but in this they will fail, for while Gen. Shafter and those in command under him are displaying marvellous energy of action under the conditions by which they are confronted, there is no disposition to precipitate movement or to take chances that might result unfortunately. Every step taken is taken with deliberation and method, with the certainty of being able to hold a footing when the step is taken. When the time comes to strike the final blow it will be a terrific one, and as short as it is terrific, unless the Spanish commander, having exhausted his strategy and his resources, accepts the inevitable and capitulates.

***

All accounts, including the reports of Captain General Augusti, agree that the condition of the Spanish troops at Manila is terrible, and that they could be overwhelmed any day Admiral Dewey gave the command to attack. He has evidently been holding the insurgents in check until he is ready with his reinforcements to take possession of the city, as it is important that the city be surrendered to him, and not to the insurgent, and that he have sufficient force to protect non-combatants and to prevent unnecessary violence. As the insurgents have waited so patiently and co-operated so harmoniously with Admiral Dewey thus far, it is likely that they will continue to do so, although they may be impatient to move upon the works of the Spaniards and put an end to the task they have in hand. It is quite apparent from the tone of Gen. Augusti's reports that he has no hope of being able to hold out against the forces confronting him, and that he is holding out because he is required by the home government to do that, or because he is too proud to acknowledge himself vanquished, and therefore he deliberately sacrifices the lives of the men under him when there is no prospect of success, or nothing to be gained by it. The pluck that does this if there were any prospect of relief might command admiration, but as there is no such prospect it is sheer madness. The spirit with which the Spanish soldiers fight, reduced to the extremities they are, and hopeless as they must be, is not so much an evidence of courage as of desperation and the fear of the victorious insurgents to whom they have been very cruel when they had the opportunity to be, and to whom they have shown very little mercy. They fear retaliation and that's what makes them stand to their posts so desperately.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Lumberton *Robesonian*: The tobacco crop of Robeson is in fine condition and promises a good yield. The acreage is much larger this year than ever before.

— Salisbury *Sun:* Near Dorsett's Still, in Davidson county, Sunday night two negroes cut another one of their race badly and robbed him. One of the men has been caught and is now in jail, having failed to give $500 bond. The wounded negro is in a critical condition.

— Concord *Standard:* Dr. Caldwell informs us of a case of lockjaw out in our county near Patterson's mill. It is the 7-year-old boy of Mr. Joe Clayton, who lives on the George Phifer place. Over a week ago the boy accidentally stuck a small splinter in his foot. On last Sunday he was taken with muscular spasms and his jaws became locked. He is in a very bad condition, but was no worse this (Tuesday) morning. Not much hopes for his recovery are entertained.

— Statesville *Landmark:* Lee Wood, a young man about 20 years old, was drowned while bathing at Eagle Mills Saturday. Wood was bathing with a party of companions below the falls at the mill. He was a poor swimmer, and when he got in water beyond his depth he was drowned before assistance could reach him. —— Mr. Enoch N. Gwyn, of Buck Shoal, Yadkin county, writes the *Landmark* that the pigeons which were turned loose in Statesville last Tuesday morning came by his house about 7 o'clock that morning, "railroad time." They were flying rapidly, writes Mr. Gwyn, in a northeast direction and were well together. Mr. Gwyn's home is twenty-one miles northeast of Statesville.

— Raleigh *News and Observer:* Lieutenant Christian has three men as the beginning of another squad of enlisted men, which he will send to Jacksonville. Recruiting for the First regiment goes on fearfully slow. One hundred and fifty of the 340 men wanted for the First battalion has so far been received. Lieutenant Christian has worked hard to get the recruits, but they come slow. —— Injustice was done Mr. George H. Glass in saying that he had probably left Raleigh to escape arrest. The facts are that he left Raleigh Saturday afternoon on business, and returned on Sunday. He gave bond promptly, and his friends say he will have no trouble in clearing himself. They assert that there was a motive behind the action that shows it is an attempt to persecute him. However that may be, Mr. Glass has not run away; he is here at work, and is ready to meet the charge, confident that he can disprove it.

DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

The railroads have made the following round-trip rates to Wilmington and return on account of the Democratic Congressional Convention, which meets in that city on the 6th day of July. Tickets on sale July 5th and 6th, good to return until July 9th:

Charlotte	$7.75
Monroe	7.00
Wadesboro	6.05
Rockingham	5.45
Hamlet	5.45
Laurinburg	4.45
Maxton	4.25
Rocky Point	.70
Pembroke	3.85
Lumberton	3.45
Clarkton	2.25
Fair Bluff	3.25
Cerro Gordo	3.00
Chadbourn	2.75
Lake Waccamaw	2.00
Willard	1.75
Burgaw	1.10
Wrightsville	.50

The convention will be called to order at 8 o'clock P. M. on the 6th of July.

T. C. GUTHRIE,
Chairman.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Of course Admiral Camara (obscura) has halted at Port Said and "announced his intention of remaining three days to make repairs." It is the Cadiz departure over again."—*New York World, Dem.*

——In New York a poor widow was brought into court by her landlord on a distraint warrant for non-payment of rent. Her name was Mrs. Hobson, and on motion, the judge granted her several days in which to move. "She shall have it," said he. "Her name is sufficient to win the favor af this court." And yet Shakespeare asked "What's in a name?"—*Baltimore Herald, Ind.*

—— The Mexican Consul at El Paso, Texas, is appealing to his countrymen to join in the Fourth of July celebration in that city, and many of them are contributing to the festival fund. With Canadian militia parading in Portland and Mexican senors celebrating Independence day on the Rio Granda, what a wonderful Fourth of July it is destined to be in its Pan-American neighborness.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— Carl Schurz, in a letter printed in a German newspaper, informs his fellow-countrymen in Europe that "German-Americans will stand by their adopted country; its friends are their friends and its enemies are their enemies." There has never been a doubt on this subject in the United States. There are no more loyal citizens than our German citizens. If any misconception on this subject exist in Germany or elsewhere it cannot be too soon rectified.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— She—"When you married me you said you were well off." He—"I was, but I didn't know it."—*Tit-Bits.*

— Young Wife—"But aren't you the man I gave some cake to on Monday?" Tramp—"Yes, mum; but I've got over it."

— "Don't you ever get a vacation, Hopper?" "Yes; the clerk in our office who makes puns goes away for two weeks every summer."

—The Sire—"And do you think you can make my daughter happy?" The Sucker—"Confident of it, sir; I am full of faults she can nag me about.

—Teacher—"Now, Johnnie, let us where the Philippine Islands are?" Johnnie—"Back of Dewey's warships.—*Philadelphia North American.*

— Elimination: "Say, what would you do if you had a skeleton in your closet?" "The best thing to do is to make no bones of it."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— "There are two periods in a man's life when he never understands a woman." "Indeed! And when are they?" "Before he is married and afterward."—*Life.*

— Country Father—"When I was your age I got up with the lark." Citified Son—"Oh, that's nothing, father. Us fellows in the city generally keep the lark up all night."

—Ambiguous: "Do you remember," said Miss Ancient to Col. Crabtree, "how, when you were a young man, you proposed to me and I rejected you?" "It is one of the happiest recollections of my life," said the Colonel, with an air of gallantry.—*Puck.*

— "His success in a financial way has been something marvellous." "Yes?" "Yes, sir. I have often heard him tell how, when he came here fifteen years ago, all he owed in the world was $1.25, and last week he failed for a million."

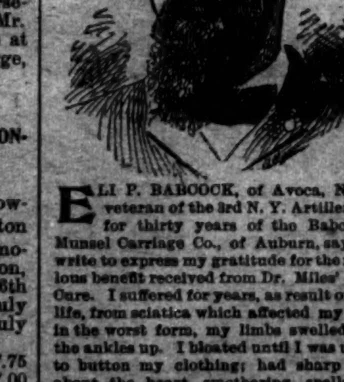
— Ought to settle It: "They say there are about 1,400 of those Philippine Islands." "Is that so?" "Yes, and of course they'll have to be at least one postoffice on each of them." "Great Scott! And yet some fools think we oughtn't to hold on to them." —*Cleveland Leader.*

— "It's too bad," said the man with heavy boots and chin whiskers. "There's a big ship called the Indiana and one called the Massachusetts, an' so on, but where's the New Jersey?" "Never mind," replied his companion. "We ain't slighted. I understand they's a hull bunch o' boats known as the mosquito fleet."—*Washington Star.*

Languages of the Future.

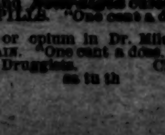
A writer in a leading magazine has made the prophecy that in 300 years from now the world will know only three languages—English, Russian and Chinese. The English language will be spoken all over North and South America, in Australia, India, Africa, New Zealand and the islands of Australia and the Pacific. The Russian tongue will have conquered all Europe except Great Britain and all Asia except India. Chinese will hold sway over the rest of the world.

Miraculous Benefit
RECEIVED FROM
Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure.



ELI P. BABCOCK, of Avoca, N. Y., a veteran of the 3rd N. Y. Artillery and for thirty years of the Babcock & Munsel Carriage Co., of Auburn, says: "I write to express my gratitude for the miraculous benefit received from Dr. Miles' Heart Cure. I suffered for years, as result of army life, from sciatica which affected my heart in the worst form, my limbs swelled from the ankles up. I bloated until I was unable to button my clothing; had sharp pains about the heart, smothering spells and shortness of breath. For three months I was unable to lie down, and all the sleep I got was in an arm chair. I was treated by the best doctors but gradually grew worse. About a year ago I commenced taking Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure and it saved my life as if by a miracle."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address,



DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Headache and Neuralgia cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles's PAIN PILL CURE ALL PAIN. "One cent a dose." For sale by all Druggists. Change je 28 1y as tu th

A SINGULAR PEOPLE.

ODD SPECIMENS OF HUMANITY ARE RAMAPO MOUNTAINEERS.

Albinos of the Milkiest Haired and Pinkest Eyed Variety Are Common Among Them—They Are the Best Hunters and Fishermen In the Land.

People who have never been up in the Ramapo mountains can have little idea of how strange a race of people live back in those high and rocky hills, miles from any village, and with not a rod of road by which their huts may be reached by wagons. In other words, it is not generally known that within 35 miles of the heart of New York city there is a community as curious almost as can be found in the remote mountain recesses of Tennessee or North Carolina. It is a sort of lost tribe, or, rather, an amalgamation of two lost tribes.

If one can imagine what sort of beings would result from more than a century intermarrying of American Indians and Guinea negroes, with an occasional dash of white blood added to the mixture, he may form a notion of the people that live back in the rugged hills that rise about Suffern, Ramapo, Sloatsburg, Woodbourne, Tuxedo and other places in the Ramapo valley. But it would take a pretty brisk imagination to picture some of the queer specimens of humanity that have resulted from this mixture.

Albinos of the milkiest haired and pinkest eyed variety are common, and the dime museums recruit their curio halls in that line from among these mountaineers, as did the great and only Barnum before them.

Back in the last century and during the first quarter of the present century slaves were common in that part of New York state and the adjacent region of New Jersey. These slaves were treated no better by their old Dutch masters than were their fellow bondsmen in the south. They were worked long and hard, and the lash was not spared. Consequently runaway slaves were many. These runaways invariably sought the fastnesses of the surrounding mountains.

It is a very difficult thing to make one's way up and among the Ramapo mountains even at this day, and it was almost an impossibility in the slavery days. As a result, when a negro once succeeded in hiding there he was as safe from recapture as if he had gone to Canada, although he might be within sight and sound of his master's home. Scores of runaways in time peopled the inaccessible hills, and in the spots where they threw up their first sheltering huts of bark or fallen trees or found refuge in caves their descendants dwell today.

The woods had their Indian dwellers already, and the two races mingled. These are the strange people who are seen now and then in the little villages along the Erie railway in Rockland and the adjoining towns of Bergen and Orange counties, and whose homes are far back in the hills. A characteristic of these people is that the names of the old Dutch families in which the original blacks were slaves have been retained by them, generation after generation. The most numerous family of the race goes by the name of De Groat, but there are De Freeses, Van Hoevens and many other Des and Vans.

In the summer time you might climb and clamber and stumble up the steep sides and over the rocky summits of the Ramapo mountains all day and not see a solitary sign of a habitation, although there would be many on all sides of you. They are so deftly tucked in among the rocks and hidden by the trees and foliage that only one acquainted with the ways of the mountaineers could find them. In the fall, when the trees are bare, the huts stand revealed to any who may pass that way, and such are few, for although there is no better ruffed grouse shooting anywhere than in these mountain fastnesses the weary climbing necessary to get to the haunts of these birds is more than the average sportsman cares to undergo.

There is no ground that might grow anything about any of these huts; not a chicken or a fowl of any kind; not even a pig. But there are dogs without limit—mongrel, wolfish looking dogs, such as might hang about Indian camps—and always from one to half a dozen half naked, eerie, elfish looking children, who, at sight or sound of a stranger, scamper to cover in the hut, in the brush or among the rocks, disappearing as completely as a startled brood of young quail.

How do these people subsist? They are the best hunters and fishermen in the land, and game and trout are abundant all about them. They hunt and snare grouse and rabbits and catch trout for the market during the season. The women and children pick berries. For the products of the forest, streams and berry patches these people obtain store goods at the villages, both the luxuries and the necessaries—the latter being chiefly whisky and tobacco, the former flour, meal and cheap dress goods. For their own home providing the possum and the coon are plentiful at their very doors, and the chicken coops of the outlying farms and villages are not entirely inaccessible. Now and then a De Groat or Van Somebody-or-other will hire out to do work by the day, but he is looked upon by his fellow mountaineers as a degenerate. Some of the female children grow to be extremely handsome and shapely young women, but it is rare that there are any marriages among these people outside of their own race. —New York Sun.

Humiliating.

"Why is it that the Gottrox girls always seems to be so nervous when their father comes into the parlor?"

"Oh, you see, they can't wean him from the habit of bragging about being a self made man."—Chicago News.

How to Look Good.

Good looks are really more than skin deep, depending entirely on a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver is inactive, you have a bilious look; if your stomach is disordered, you have a dyspeptic look; if your kidneys are affected, you have a pinched look. Secure good health, and you will surely have good looks. "Electric Bitters" is a good Alterative and Tonic. Acts directly on the stomach, liver and kidneys, purifies the blood, cures pimples, blotches and boils, and gives a good complexion. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. 50 cents a bottle. †

Bad management keeps more people in poor circumstances than any other one cause. To be successful one must look ahead and plan ahead so that when a favorable opportunity presents itself he is ready to take advantage of it. A little forethought will also save much expense and valuable time. A prudent and careful man will keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy in the house; the shiftless fellow will wait until necessity compels it and then ruin his best horse going for a doctor and have a big doctor bill to pay, besides; one pays out 25 cents, the other is out a hundred dollars, and then wonders why his neighbor is getting richer while he he is getting poorer. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

GREEN BADGES OF COURAGE.

Sashes Worn by Army Surgeons and Their History.

A great many people do not know why army surgeons wear green sashes. It is not so much an insignia of rank as it is a protection to the wearer. According to the code of war, surgeons are never shot or taken prisoners. To deliberately shoot a surgeon while he is wearing his sash is considered a violation of the code, punishable by death.

Because of this provision surgeons of one army never refuse to look after the wounded of the other army if it is possible for them to do so. During the civil war it was often the case that after a battle the field hospitals would contain almost an equal number of men dressed in blue and gray. The Federal army had the best surgeons and the best stores, and a wounded Confederate considered himself in great luck if he was removed to a Federal hospital to be cared for by Federal surgeons and physicians.

But in the heat of battle a green sash is not much protection, and surgeons were often wounded or killed. But this did not keep the surgeons at the rear until the battle was over. They were often found in the thick of the fray, dressing wounds and sending the wounded to the rear. Theirs was a perilous as well as a noble duty, and they performed it well.—Omaha World-Herald.

A Popular Choice.

Lady Castlerosse heads the list of the newly elected poor law guardians of Killarney. She was nominated by her father-in-law, the Earl of Kenmare. Her election, it is said, has aroused the greatest interest among Ireland's poor, who hope that if members of the aristocracy take up such duties larger measures for the relief of distress will follow.

If you would be well spoken of, learn to speak well of others, and when you have learned to speak well endeavor likewise to do well, and thus you will reap the fruit of being well spoken of. —Epictetus.

I was seriously affected with a cough for several years, and last Fall had a more severe cough than ever before. I have used many remedies without receiving much relief, and being recommended to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy by a friend who, knowing me to be a poor widow, gave it to me, I tried it, and with the most gratifying results. The first bottle relieved me very much and the second bottle has absolutely cured me. I have not had as good health for twenty years. Respectfully, MRS. MARY A. BEARD, Claremont, Ark. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

An Enterprising Druggist.

There are few men more wide awake and enterprising than R. R. BELLAMY who spare no pains to secure the best of everything in their line for their many customers. They now have the valuable agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. This is the wonderful remedy that is producing such a furor all over the country by its many startling cures. It absolutely cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all affections of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. Call at above drug store and get a trial bottle free or a regular size for 50 cents and $1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Whole- Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6½
Standard		@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔		@	8
Shoulders ℔ ℔	7	@	7½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	6¼
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	6½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 20
New City, each		@	1 10
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	50
Virginia Meal		@	50
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	80	@	85
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream		@	11
State	10½	@	12
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	8	@	10
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen		@	12
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		@	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	4 35	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 75
Choice		@	4 00
Straight	4 75	@	5 00
First Patent		@	5 50
GLUE—℔ ℔	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	50	@	52½
Car load, in bags—White	50	@	52½
Oats, from store		@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas		@	90
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green		@	8
Dry		@	12
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1¾	@	2
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5¼	@	7¼
North Carolina	6	@	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	28
Sugar-House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar-House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	12	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 40	@	1 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	11 50	@	12 00
Rump		@	12 00
Prime		@	11 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool		@	70
Lisbon		@	
American		@	70
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 50	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5¾	@	5¾
Standard A		@	5½
White Extra C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	4¾
C. Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	6 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x24 Heart	5 00	@	6 00
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL ℔ ℔—Unwashed	8	@	15

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, June 29.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 23½ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 23 cents for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1.00 per bbl for Strained and $1.05 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1.30 per bbl of 280 ℔s.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1.00 per barrel for Hard, $1.50 for Dip, and $1.50 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine, dull, 24, 23½c; rosin steady, 1.25, $1.30; tar steady, $1.05; crude turpentine quiet, $1.30, $1.80, $1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	128
Rosin	171
Tar	104
Crude turpentine	34

Receipts same day last year—157 casks spirits turpentine, 602 bbls rosin, 72 bbls tar, 77 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 5⅝c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 7-16 cts. ℔ lb	
Good Ordinary	4¼ "	"
Low Middling	5 7-16 "	"
Middling	5⅝ "	"
Good Middling	6¼ "	"

Same day last year, middling 7⅛c.

Receipts—0 bales; same day last year, 0.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 60 to 65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 75c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 75c; Fancy, 75c; Spanish 70@80c.

CORN—Firm; 55 to 57½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE.—$1.00 to 1.05 per bushel.

N. C. BACON.—Steady; hams, 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES.—Per thousand, five-inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2,25; six-six, $2.25 to 3.25; seven-inch; $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to 6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 29.—Money on call was quoted at 1@1½ per cent., the last loan being at 1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@4 per cent. Sterling exchange strong; actual business in bankers' bills 485¼@486 for demand; 484½@484¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 485 and 486½. Commercial bills 483@483½. Silver certificates 58@58¾. Bar silver 59¼. Mexican dollars 45¾. Government bonds strong; U. S. new 4's, registered, 124¼@125¼; do. coupon, 124¼@125¼; U. S. 4's 110@110¾; do. coupon, 111¼@112¼; U. S. 2's, 95; U. S. 5's, registered, 112¼@113¼; do. 5's, coupon, 112¼@113¼. State bonds—N. C. 6's 125; 4's 103.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 29.—Rosin quiet. Spirits turpentine quiet.

CHARLESTON, June 29.—Spirits turpentine firm at 23½c; no sales. Rosin quiet and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, June 29.—Spirits turpentine firm at 23½; sales, 258 casks; receipts 2,466 casks. Rosin firm; sales 1,975 barrels; receipts 4,100 barrels; A, B, C 95c, D $1 00, E $1 10, F, $1 20, G $1 30, H $1 45, I $1 45, K $1 50, M $1 50, N $1 70, W G $1 75, W W $1 85.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 29.—Speculation in cotton to-day was limited to small lots, more for the closing out of obligations than a desire to make new ventures. The opening was dull at unchanged prices to 1 point advance. After sagging off 2 to 3 points under general lack of speculative support, the market became flat and showed little energy throughout the balance of the session. The close was easy at a net loss of 1 to 4 points.

NEW YORK, June 29.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 6⅛c.

Cotton futures closed easy; sales 26,900 bales: June nominal, July 6.17c, August 6.18c, September 6.07c, October 6.10c, November 6.05c, December 6.07c, January 6.10c, February 6.13c, March 6.17.

Spot cotton market closed quiet; middling uplands 6⅛c; middling gulf 6⅜c; sales 1,957 bales.

Net receipts 394 bales; gross receipts — bales; exports to Great Britain 5,110 bales; exports to the Continent 209 bales; sales 1,957 bales; sales to spinners 807 bales; stock (actual) 103,146 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 3,129 bales; exports to Great Britain 5,116 bales; exports to the Continent 209 bales; stock 309,455 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 13,951 bales; exports to Great Britain 20,464 bales; exports to France 5,078 bales; exports to the Continent 3,639 bales.

Total since September 1st—Net receipts 8,457,712 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,427,676 bales; exports to France 811,576 bales; exports to the Continent 2,909,570 bales.

June 29—Galveston, quiet at 5 13 16c, net receipts 336 bales; Norfolk, dull at 6 3-16c, net receipts 309 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 6⅛c, net receipts — bales; Boston, dull at 6⅛c, net receipts 218 bales; Wilmington, firm at 5⅝c, net receipts — bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 6⅜c, net receipts 377 bales; Savannah, steady at 5¾c; net receipts 54 bales; New Orleans, easy at 5 15 16c, net receipts 1,142 bales; Mobile, nominal at 5¾c, net receipts 24 bales; Memphis, dull at 5 5-16c, net receipts 47 bales; Augusta, quiet at 6 3-16c, net receipts 83 bales; Charleston, quiet at —c, net receipts 3 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 29.—Flour was more strongly held and fairly active; Minnesota patents $4 70@5 00. Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red 8c; options were strong and moderately active all day, but sentiment received encouragement from continued bad crop reports, fair export trade, higher cables and unfavorable crop rumors from France; closed at 2@2½c net advance; No. 2 red July closed 80c; September closed 73⅛c; December closed 73⅜c. Corn—Spot firm; No. 2 37½c; options, like wheat, were strong and higher after a firm opening and closed at ⅛@⅜c net advance, covering on higher cables and the bulge in wheat were features; July closed 36c; September closed 37⅛c; December closed 38c. Oats—Spot firmer; No. 2 25⅛c; options were stronger on covering by yesterday's sellers and closed 1c net higher; July closed 25c. Lard dull; Western steam $5 70; city $5 00@4 10; July closed $5 67, nominal; refined steady. Pork steady. Butter—market was steady; Western creamery 13½@17c; do. factory 11@12½c; Elgins 17c; imitation creamery 12@14½c; State dairy 12@16c; do. creamery 13½@16½c. Cheese easier; large white 7½@7¾c. Petroleum steady. Rice steady. Cotton seed oil extremely nominal and featureless; prime crude f. o. b. mills 17@18c; prime summer yellow 24@24½c. Peanuts firm. Coffee—Spot Rio dull and nominal; holiday. Sugar—Raw easy; refined quiet and unchanged.

CHICAGO, June 29.—Persistent and numerous bad crop reports started shorts to cover in battalions to-day and the best rally in wheat since the Leiter collapse took place. July closed 1⅞c higher and September 2⅛c. Corn advanced ⅞ and oats 1⅛c. In provisions pork left off unchanged. Lard 2½c lower and ribs 2½c higher.

CHICAGO, June 29.—Cash quotations: Flour—the market was dull. Wheat—No. 3 spring 78@80c; No. 3 spring 70@80c; No. 2 red 78@79c. Corn—No. 2 31⅛@31⅛c. Oats—No. 2 21½c; No. 2 white free on board, 24@25c; No. 3 white free on board, 23¼@24. Rye—No. 2 42½@43. Mess pork, per bbl., $9 50@9 55. Lard, per 100 lbs., $5 37½@5 40. Short rib sides, loose, $5 25@5 50. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $4 50@5 75. Short clear sides, boxed, $5 70@5 80.

The leading futures ranged as follows, opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 June 79½, 79½, 79¼, 79½; July 71¼, 73¼, 71¼, 73¼; September 66⅝, 69, 66½, 68⅝c; December 67⅛, 69¼, 67, 69⅛c. Corn—July 31¼, 31½, 31½, 32c; September 32⅛, 33¼, 31⅞, 32⅞c; December 32¾, 33½, 31⅞, 32⅞c. Oats—July 20⅞, 22, 20⅝, 21¾; September 19¾, 20¼, 19½, 20⅞. Pork, per bbl.—July $9 42, 9 45, 9 42½, 9 42½; September $9 60, 9 72½, 9 72½, 9 67½. Lard, per 100 lbs—July $5 37½, 5 40, 5 32½, 5 57½; September $5 50, 5 52½, 5 40, 5 50. Ribs, per 100 lbs.—July $5 32½, 5 37½, 5 37½, 5 37½; September $5 40, 5 45, 5 37½, 5 45.

BALTIMORE, June 29.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat firmer; spot and month 81c bid; July 78@79c bid; August 74@74¼c; Southern wheat by sample 72@73c. Corn firmer; spot and month 33⅞@34c; July 34@34¼c; August 34⅜@34⅞c; September 35⅛c bid; Southern white corn 36c; do yellow 36c. Oats steady; No. 2 white 30½@31c.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, June 29, 4 P. M.—Cotton—spot in moderate demand; prices steady. American middling 3 7-16d. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 300 were for speculation and export and included 7,400 American. Futures opened quiet with a moderate demand and closed barely steady. American middling (l m c): June 3 25-64d buyer; June and July 3 25-64d seller; July and August 3 25-64d seller; August and September 3 24-64@3 25 64d buyer; September and October 3 23-64@3 24-64d seller; October and November 3 22-64@3 23-64d buyer; November and December 3 22-64d seller; December and January 3 22-64d seller; January and February 3 22-64d seller; February and March 3 22-64@3 23-64d buyer; March and April 3 23-64@3 24-64d seller.

MARINE.

CLEARED.

Steamship Croatan, 826 tons, McKee, Georgetown, H G Smallbones.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., June 30, 1898.

SCHOONERS.

The Josephine 608 tons, Townsend, Geo Harriss, Son @ Co.
Madalene Cooney, 751 tons, Benner, Geo Harris, Son & Co.
Emma S, 60 tons, Cahoon, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Chauncey E Burk, 871 tons, Townsend, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Margaret B Roper, 394 tons, Cranmer, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Isaach H Tillyer, 568 tons, French, Geo Harriss, Son & Co. In distress.
C C Lister, 280 tons, Robinson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BRIGS.

Starlight, 243 tons, Rhodes, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

If It's Worth Printing the Twice-a-Week Courier-Journal Will Print It.

And Every Democrat, Every Republican, Every Man, Woman or Child who can read will want to read it.

THE TWICE-A-WEEK COURIER-JOURNAL is a Democratic paper, of six or eight pages, issued Wednesday and Saturday of each week. The Wednesday issue prints all the Clean News, and the Saturday issue prints Stories, Miscellany, Poetry, all matters of special interest in the home. It is edited by Henry Watterson.

Price $1.00 a Year.

You get 104 good papers, of six or eight pages each, for $1—LESS THAN ONE CENT A PAPER.

USEFUL PREMIUMS

Are given Club Raisers, and good-paying commissions are allowed agents.

Daily Courier-Journal, 1 year	$6.00
Daily and Sunday, 1 year	8.00
Sunday alone, 1 year	3.00

jan 1 tf

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT, AT THE

Star Office.

SUITABLE FOR

WRAPPING PAPER

AND EXCELLENT FOR

Placing Under Carpet.

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SEASHORE HOTEL,

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH N. C.

GEORGE CAMPBELL, Proprietor.
R. R. CRAWFORD, Manager.

Open for the Season.

New and beautiful building sprinkled by the spray of Old Ocean and yet twenty miles away from slightest danger by invasion. New and handsome furnishings with all modern conveniences. Cuisine up to highest standard of excellence. Drinking water furnished by artesian well. Daily concerts by Hotel Orchestra. Ocean to Wrightsville Sound for cooling summer breezes and matchless view of Atlantic Ocean je 2 tf

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now bear [signature] *on every the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. This is the original "CASTORIA" which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.*

LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* [signature] *on the and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 24, 1898. Samuel Pitcher, M. D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"
BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

DREW PAY, BUT DID NO WORK

And When Discharged Wanted a Certificate For Ability and Honesty.

"Fancy a fellow picking your pocket and asking for a 'character,' " said a business man the other day. "That's been my experience. I hired a young man about a month ago to solicit orders for me on commission, with $20 a week guarantee. As he turned nothing in after a fortnight I began to suspect that he was working for another firm and doing nothing to earn the $20, so I told him that if no order materialized by the end of the week he must not expect to continue in my employ.

"I made inquiries which convinced me that he was doing what I suspected, but I got no legal proof that he was taking my money on false pretenses. So when the week was up I was forced to pay him a third $20, making $60 in all, which, I felt sure, he had done little or nothing to earn. Before doing so I told him of my suspicions, which was foolish, as I met only with denials which I couldn't disprove, although in answer to the questions of the cross examination I put him through he made statements which I knew to be lies.

"In spite of my accusations he seemed to think that my paying him the final $20 was acknowledgment that I believed his denials, and after receiving the money he asked if I would give a certificate as to his ability and honesty in case he found it necessary to call upon me for one. I answered that I would at least sign nothing against him, for after paying him to no purpose money I could ill afford I didn't want to make an enemy of him, but advised him not to put me to the test."—New York Sun.

Algerian Locusts.

Locusts are regularly shipped from Algeria to London, where they are worked up by manufacturers of guano.

Piano Prices.

Many People Pay Twice the Value of the Piano

When they buy because they are not posted as to prices, nor the quality of the goods.

You Can Buy a Lester Piano,

such as was recently used at the Y. M. C. A for $225 cash or $250 on instalments. We have other good PIANOS still much lower.

Our Famous "Sohmer" Piano

can be bought from $350 upwards.

Cabinet Organs

proportionately low as to prices and a large stock.

E. VAN LAER,

422 and 404 North Fourth Street.

je 4 tf tu th sa

Foreclosure Sale.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed made by Matthew P. Taylor and wife to the North Carolina Home Building Association, recorded on the Records of New Hanover County in Book 22, page 282, the undersigned will expose for sale to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction, in the City of Wilmington, N. C., at the front door of the Court House of New Hanover County, on Monday, the 18th day of July, 1898, at 12 o'clock M, the following described property situate in the City of Wilmington, State of North Carolina, to-wit.: Beginning at the northwestern intersection of Second street and Red Cross St., runs thence westwardly with the northern line of Red Cross street 45 feet, thence northwardly parallel with Second street 105 feet to an Alley nine feet in width, thence along said Alley and eastwardly parallel with Red Cross street 45 feet to the western line of Second street, thence southwardly with said line of Second street 105 feet to the beginning. Together with a right of way in, over and to said Alley.

NORTH CAROLINA HOME BUILDING ASSOCIATION,
Mortgagee.

je 28 20t

When Prices Are High and Money Tight

is the very time you need to spend your money WHERE IT WILL BUY THE MOST GOODS. Our Cash Store is that place, and the reasons are so plain that "he who reads may run." We sell exclusively for CASH, and you pay nobody else's bills. We do not have to wait until we can collect accounts before reinvesting, and so can afford to sell on a closer margin than he who credits.

THE KING GROCERY CO.

B. F. KING, MANAGER,

'Phone 387, Fourth Street Bridge.

je 28 tf

Ed. Guyon and Wm. C. Moore

May hereafter be found at the Barber Shop of the undersigned, where they are prepared to do all work in their line in a first class manner.

Respectfully,
A. PREMPERT, Barber,
11 South Front St.

my 8 tf

BIG G — CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

BELIEF IN PRESENTIMENTS.

But Experience Had Proved That Her Own Were Not Infallible.

"Now," she said with just a touch of triumph, "you will admit it's fortunate that I insisted on the umbrella. I had a presentiment that it was going to rain."

"It must be a mighty fine thing to have presentiments," he mused. "It must take off the keen edge of disappointment."

"Yes," she answered, "but you see it cuts off anticipation too. It's the law of compensation again."

"That old gag setting up anticipation is all bosh," he said, looking at her hat with the long, waving plumes. "You women couldn't wear all that folderol on your heads if you didn't have presentiments about umbrellas. If a man tried to wear a thing like that he'd ruin seven a week."

"Oh," she said, "man dropped his feathers when he lost his instincts, because it was too expensive to keep them in curl."

"Undoubtedly, and now he is doomed to bare utility and to the palpabilities of the spoken word. He has to ask the bald question before he knows whether a woman is going to refuse him or not."

"The easiest way to dispose of things occult is to ridicule them."

"I'm not ridiculing," he said. "I believe in presentiments just as firmly as I believe in metempsychosis or the faith cure. To prove it, I was about to ask you to produce one for me. If I should propose to you this afternoon, do you think you'd refuse me?"

"It's like a man," she answered, "to want intuitions made to order."

"Oh, I didn't mean that," he said, "but if you happened to have one lurking round you—one evolved in the regular way—I thought you might be willing to help me out."

"It's my disposition to help people out," she answered. "I'm sure I should."

"Should refuse?" he asked. "Oh, well, that's only a presentiment. I never was superstitious."

"No," she answered, "you're a sad materialist. But I wonder how you'd explain something that happened to me once.

"It was several years ago, when influenza was about. I was the only person in our house not under the doctor's care. Grandmother was sick with the rest, but no one had thought her condition alarming. Yet somehow that night, sitting before the grate with the firelight on her face, she seemed to me to be suddenly stricken with the weight of her years. I saw that the sand was running fast and I felt that she wouldn't live till morning. I could not really say it, and mother would not understand. But I was wakeful far into the night and several times I crept out to grandmother's door, when I heard her snoring in the most reassuringly earthly way. Finally I did sleep soundly and it was later than usual when I awoke. You know how differently things look by daylight. There is confidence, too, in the feel of one's clothes and in the perpendicular.

"I went down expecting to find her and thinking how silly I had been. But before I had time for a question mother said: 'You had better go up and see how grandmother is feeling. She hasn't come down.'

"It all came over me again in an instant. I felt the blood drop out of my face and the strength out of my body, but I flew up stairs. I listened outside the door, but there was no sound. Then I knocked softly. Of course there was no answer. Then I knocked again. For a moment I couldn't open the door, but it seemed unworthy to leave the shock to some one else, so I turned the knob and softly pushed it open. You can imagine what I felt when I looked in and saw the old lady sitting quietly lacing her shoes."—Chicago Times-Herald.

Platinum and Gold.

A package of wire that weighs 25 pounds and resembles ordinary fine polished steel wire was entered at the appraiser's department of the custom house some time ago and valued at $5,000. This is almost as much as the same weight of gold would be valued, and the wire attracted a good deal of attention. It was platinum wire, and for that reason worth its weight in gold. A man who viewed it said that the demand for it had apparently increased greatly, as much more platinum, crude and manufactured, was coming through the custom house now.—Duluth News-Tribune.

ANNUAL LOSS BY FIRE.

It Has Been Very Much Reduced by Improved Methods of Fighting Fire.

Mr. Charles T. Hill, the artist, who has been writing a series of papers for St. Nicholas on the New York fire department, has a final paper on "The Fire Patrol." Mr. Hill says:

The annual loss by fire in the United States amounts to $100,000,000, and fully one-half of this loss is caused by the water used in extinguishing the fires. Before the introduction, in 1872, of controlling or shut off nozzles used on the fire hose, the percentage of loss by water was even greater—at least two-thirds of the total loss. Previous to the introduction of this much needed device there was used what was known as an "open pipe," a plain open nozzle, with no contrivance for shutting off the water. When it was necessary to shut off, the order had to be passed to the engineer, sometimes a long distance from the fire, and unless the nozzle could be thrust from a convenient window the water would go pouring out, spreading destruction in all directions. In small fires, especially in "up stairs" fires in private dwellings, or in business houses stocked with perishable goods, such as feathers, silks, etc., the unnecessary destruction of property was very great.

Today fires are fought much more scientifically and with a great deal more system than were those of 10 or 20 years ago, and officers in command of engine companies are usually very careful not to use any more water than is absolutely necessary.

Nearly every hose wagon in the New York fire department today carries three sizes of hose—the regulation size, 2½ inches, used at all ordinary fires; 3 inches (known as "third alarm hose," and only used at fires of considerable magnitude), and a small hose carried on a reel under the wagon. This hose is 1½ inches in diameter and very easy to handle, and, on account of the ease with which any number of lengths of it can be carried about, it is that oftenest used at small fires in dwelling houses, office buildings and flats. With a controlling nozzle on the end, the fireman can dash up several flights of stairs and into a bedroom or closet and extinguish a small fire before it has time to spread, using the water only where it is absolutely needed. To drag the regulation size—it weighs about 80 pounds to the length—up and around winding stairways, etc., would take much longer and perhaps give a fire time to get just beyond the point of easy control; besides, when the water is finally started, a great deal more is used by this hose than is necessary, especially in the case of a small fire. It has been practically demonstrated that a considerable amount of fire can be extinguished with a small amount of water applied effectively, and the use of the small hose has done much to reduce the damage by water at fires in dwellings and flats.

Why the Leaves Fall In Autumn.

The plant is a most delicately self regulating organism. It cannot increase the water supply, but it may and does decrease the evaporating surface by casting or shedding the leaves, a reaction which it exhibits to other conditions as well. Like the true seaman, however, the plant does not shorten sail by cutting away its canvas, but, by a deliberate and well timed series of processes, withdraws all of the substances from the leaf which may be useful to it back into its body before it discards the empty sheets of cells and woody fibers of the petiole and lamina.

The reduction of the water supply and the beginning of the processes leading to defoliation occur a long time before the temperature of the air is depressed to the freezing point or the formation of frost. The influence of low temperatures upon the plant is illustrated by the manner in which leaves of tobacco and melon plants blacken and die as the result of cool nights before the occurrence of frost. These plants transpire a relatively large amount of water from the broad leaves, and if the temperature of the soil descends to 40 degrees F. the roots are unable to take up the necessary supply of water, and the leaves are literally dried out, though they are incorrectly described as frozen or frosted by gardeners.—D. T. MacDougal in Harper's Magazine.

FOR SALE.

Desirable Tract of Land

Situated on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.

Three miles south of Jacksonville, N. C., contains 818 acres, of which 200 are cleared and will grow corn, cotton, peanuts and rice. Straw berries and four varieties of blackberries grow on it spontaneously. Soil also excellent for tobacco and potatoes.

The remaining 618 acres are well timbered with pine, ash, oak, hickory and juniper. Eight to ten thousand juniper poles can be cut from the wooded portion now.

Plantation bounded by navigable water for one and one-half miles. On the banks of the stream are reeds upon which one hundred cattle can feed themselves through the winter. TITLE IS CLEAR.

For further information, address

THE MORNING STAR,
Wilmington N. C.

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FOR PIC NIC HAMS,

D. S. Sides, Plates,

Bellies, Corn, Meal, Hay, Oats, Plow Lines,

HOOP IRON, SPIRIT CASKS, NAILS

and everything in groceries, go and see

R. R. STONE & CO.,

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Hay, Oats, Corn, Peas,

Bran and Wheat Meadlings,

Sugars, Coffee, Flour, Molasses

&c., &c.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

my 7 tf

Polygamy.

The Ogden (Utah) Commonwealth says that while it is true that polygamy still exists in Utah it is nevertheless dying out. It affirms, what has been doubted, that the church no longer favors it and those Mormons who return to polygamous connections do so with more or less secrecy. It thinks that the Mormon people desire and really intend that the practice of polygamy among them shall cease, though a minority cling to it with firm domestic heroism, setting an example to malcontent gentile husbands, who often find a single wife one too many for their powers of management and discipline.

Birmingham's American Ride.

An American who visited Birmingham, England, not long ago found that in constructing the street trolleys there the rails are made in Pittsburg, the cars in Philadelphia, the boilers in Erie, the engines in Milwaukee and the general electric fittings in Schenectady.—Philadelphia Press.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidney, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retension of water and pain. In passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure, this is your remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner of Front and Market streets. †

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW' SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

Mr. P. Ketcham, of Pike City, Cal., says: "During my brother's late sickness from sciatic rheumatism, Chamberlain's Pain Balm was the only remedy that gave him any relief." Many others have testified to the prompt relief from pain which this liniment affords. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher — The Kind You Have Always Bought

HAY MAKING TIME.

"Make Hay While the Sun Shines"

Is an old saying, the force of which everybody appreciates. ALL GOOD FARMERS know the importance of heeding this valuable suggestion. But it isn't every one who knows what kind of Mower to buy. THIS IS TO TELL YOU THAT

THE CHAMPION MOWER

Is Without an Equal.

Besides its own advantages the CHAMPION has all the advantages of other Mowers. It is the lighest draft and the most perfect and desirable mowing machine ever offered to the public.

J. W. MURCHISON,

ORTON BUILDING.

je 26 tf

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton N C.

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ED. MCRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton.
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington.
E. F. MCRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.

Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.

W. B HARKER, Secretary. jan 1 tf

Wanted,

5,000 lbs. Wool.

3,000 lbs. Beeswax.

WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

je 4 tf 12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

FRANK H. STEDMAN,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Fire AND Tornado Insurance

YOUR BUSINESS IS SOLICITED AND

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

OFFICE AT

Southwest corner of Front and Chesnut Sts

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OCEANIC HOTEL,

Carolina Beach, N. C.

OPEN FOR THE SEASON.—Rates $2.00 per day, local; $10 per week, or $1.00 per day by month.

N. B.—Milk for table carefully sterilized. Sterilizer also at service of cottagers.

je 2 1m R. A. JENKINS, Prop.

ADVISORY NOTICE

To Cottagers at

Ocean View and Carolina Beach.

Take a Day Off

and ascertain your needs and advise us of same at least a week before you intend to occupy your Cottage. This will enable you to spend your first night as comfortably as your last, and also escape the discomfort attendant upon incomplete Furnishing.

This is not Jersey, but a Dixie Net is an indispensable Adjunct to a good night's rest. We have them.

The Sneed Company,

je 3 tf Furniture and House Furnishings.

SAVE SOMETHING EVERY WEEK,

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Capital $25,000. Surplus $10,000.

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1.—Your money will be safe from fire or burglars.
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☞ We will take pleasure in explaining our system to any man, woman or child, wishing to deposit. je 9 tf

The Morning Star.

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We keep at the same old place, 6½ steps east from corner of Front and Princess streets.

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Stings and Bites

of Mosquitoes, Sandflies

and other pestilential insects are not very pleasant sensations.

There Is No Better Remedy

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WITCH HAZEL EXTRACTS.

Every one living on the Sound or Beach should keep a good supply of Witch Hazel all the time. We have just received a large quantity of the best quality of Witch Hazel Extract and are selling it at

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

Why pay $1.75 for a quart of extract of Witch Hazel, called Pond's Extract, when you can get the same quantity for about one-fourth the cost? Very close price in one or five gallon lots.

Ammonia 25c per quart, equal to two quarts Household Ammonia.

J. Hicks Bunting,

je 23 tf Wholesale and Retail Druggist.

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The State Normal and Industrial College

Offers the young women of the State thorough professional, literary, classical, scientific, and industrial education. *Annual Expenses $90 to $130.* Faculty of 30 members. More than 400 regular students. Has matriculated about 1,600 students, representing every county in the State except two. Practice and Observation School of about 200 pupils. *To secure board in dormitories, all free-tuition applications must be made before August 1.*

Correspondence invited from those desiring competent trained teachers.

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Recommended by the State Medical Society, is celebrated for its cures of Dyspepsia, in its various forms. Most extended and beautiful grounds in the mountains. Special rates to families. For descriptive pamphlet, testimonials, terms, &c., write to

je 20 1m C. A. Colhoun, Prop.

Jackson Springs Hotel.

Read Carefully what the Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell, Corresponding Secretary of the Baptist Young People's Union of the South, says:

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.,
Nov. 12, 1897.

H. E. Thompson, West End, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—A month ago you sent me a box of the Jackson Springs Water—twelve bottles. You know how fearfully I was suffering with an acute bladder trouble some weeks before. When I reached home I found the water awaiting me. I have rested and drank that water. I am a new man—my old self practically; my appetite restored; and the tenderness in the bladder has disappeared. I think it is a wonderful water. I had been using for weeks before all sorts of lithia water, but the Jackson Springs Water went to the spot.

With profound gratitude, I am,
Yours, Respectfully, &c.,
CALVIN S. BLACKWELL.

The Doctor further says, it is "the best, I think, God has let run out of the earth for afflicted humanity."

This Water is unsurpassed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration, or any Kidney, Bladder or Stomach Trouble.

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This valuable Water is packed for shipping purposes, one dozen half-gallon bottles to the case. It has permanently cured hundreds who have found it inconvenient to visit the Springs.

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Your Orders for

Flour, Coffee, Meal,
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We have had our EXPERIENCE and have paid for it. So in buying your

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from me, you run no risk whatever. It is no EXPERIMENT with us now. We know exactly what we are doing and how to do it. Ask any doctor in this town.

TELEPHONE, store 150, and residence 380.

Yours, for some of your business.

James D. Nutt, The Druggist.

my 29 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE. S.A.L. VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Schedule in Effect May 29, 1898.

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:00 p. m., leaves Lumberton 5:15 p.m., Pembroke 5:35 p. m., Maxton 6:12 p. m., Laurinburg 6:39 p. m., Hamlet 6:53 p. m., Wadesboro 8:11 p. m., Monroe 9:12 p. m., Charlotte 10:20 p. m. Connects at Monroe with train 41 for Atlanta, and and at Hamlet with train 402 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 a. m., leaves Weldon 11:50 a. m., Raleigh 3:40 p. m., Sanford 5:05 p. m., Hamlet 6:56 p. m., Athens 3:43 a. m., and Atlanta 5:20 a. m.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4:40 p. m., Richmond 8:56 p. m., Portsmouth 8:45 p. m., leaves Weldon 11:26 p. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Sanford 3:33 a. m., Hamlet 5:07 a. m., Rockingham 5:23 a. m., Wadesboro 5:53 a. m., Monroe 6:43 a. m., Charlotte 7:30 a. m., Lincolnton 10:25 a. m., Shelby 11:27 a. m., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon, Athens 1:13 p. m., Atlanta 2:50 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 7:50 p. m., Athens 11:12 p. m., Monroe 6:05 a. m. Leaves Charlotte 5:10 a. m., Monroe 5:55 a. m., Wadesboro 7:01 a m., Hamlet 8:00 a. m., Raleigh 11:25 a. m., Weldon 3:45 p. m.; arrive Portsmouth 5:20 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 a. m. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 a. m., Maxton 9.08 a. m., Pembroke 9:31 a. m., Lumberton 9:53 a. m., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 m. leaves Athens 3:13 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m. Leaves Rutherfordton 4:35 p. m., arrives Shelby 5:53 p. m., Lincolnton 6:58 p. m., Charlotte 8:28 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m., Wadesboro 10:31 p. m., Rockingham 11:15 p. m., Hamlet 11:15 p. m., Sanford 1:00 a. m., Raleigh 3:16 a. m., Weldon 4:55 a. m., Portsmouth 7:25 a. m., Richmond 8:20 a. m., Washington 12:31 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 p. m., arrives Gibson 8:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:30 a. m., arrives Hamlet 7:40 a. m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 a. m., arrives Cheraw 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 p. m., arrives Hamlet 6:29 p. m.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

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General Offices Portsmouth Va. je 10 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

Condensed Schedule

In Effect May 26th, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 DAILY.	
Leave Wilmington	7 45	A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	10 55	P. M.
Leave Fayetteville	11 08	"
Leave Fayetteville Junction	11 19	"
Leave Sanford	12 32	P. M
Leave Climax	2 29	"
Arrive Greensboro	3 00	"
Leave Greensboro	3 10	"
Leave Stokesdale	3 58	"
Leave Walnut Cove	4 29	"
Leave Rural Hall	4 57	"
Arrive Mt. Airy	6 05	"

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 DAILY.	
Leave Mt. Airy	8 40	A. M.
Leave Rural Hall	10 04	"
Leave Walnut Cove	10 33	"
Leave Stokesdale	11 06	"
Arrive Greensboro	11 55	"
Leave Greensboro	12 13	P. M
Leave Climax	12 42	"
Leave Sanford	2 35	"
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 50	"
Arrive Fayetteville	3 53	"
Leave Fayetteville	4 05	"
Arrive Wilmington	7 10	"

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. DAILY.	
Leave Bennettsville	8,00	A. M.
Arrive Maxton	9 03	"
Leave Maxton	9 07	"
Leave Red Springs	9 35	"
Leave Hope Mills	10 20	"
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40	"

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. DAILY.	
Leave Fayetteville	4 33	P. M.
Leave Hope Mills	4 52	"
Leave Red Springs	5 35	"
Arrive Maxton	6 09	"
Leave Maxton	6 15	"
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15	"

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday.	
Leave Ramseur	6 40	A. M.
Leave Climax	8 30	"
Arrive Greensboro	9 17	"
Leave Greensboro	9 35	"
Leave Stokesdale	11 07	"
Arrive Madison	11 55	"

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday	
Leave Madison	12 30	P. M.
Leave Stokesdale	1 15	"
Arrive Greensboro	2 30	"
Leave Greensboro	3 00	"
Leave Climax	3 50	"
Arrive Ramseur	5 50	"

CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

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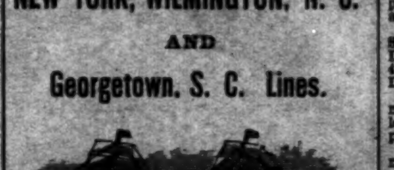

New York for Wilmington.

PAWNEE .... Saturday, July 2nd

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN .... Saturday, July 2nd

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN .... Tuesday, June 28th

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

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Mrs. W. E. Mayo

HAS OPENED THE

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For the season, where she is prepared to serve her guests as formerly. WATER FROM ARTESIAN WELL. Special rates to families. je 2 1m

Thos. W. Greer, Administrator of W. R. Greer, deceased,
vs.
E. J. Greer et al.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, in the above entitled action, the undersigned Commissioner will on the 18th day of July, 1898, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door, expose for sale to the highest bidder for cash, the following described lot of land, to-wit.: Beginning at the southwestern intersection of Queen and Fourth streets, runs thence southwardly with the western line of Fourth street 66 feet, thence westwardly parallel with Queen street 33 feet, thence northwardly parallel with Fourth street 66 feet to the southern line of Queen street, thence eastwardly with said southern line of Queen street 33 feet to the beginning.

DAN. D. CAMERON,
Commissioner.

June 13, 1898.
je 14 td

Special Meeting

OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE WILMINGTON AND WELDON RAILROAD CO.

Office of the Secretary of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Co.

WILMINGTON, N. C., JUNE 21st, 1898.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company, duly called and held at room No. 16, Chamber of Commerce building in the city of Baltimore, Md., on Friday, the 17th day of June, 1898, it was

Resolved, That a special meeting of the Stockholders of this Company be and the same is hereby called by this Board to be held at the office of the Company in the city of Wilmington, North Carolina, at 11 o'clock A. M., on Monday, the 18th day of July, 1898, to consider such matters as may be brought to the attention of the Stockholders.

JAMES F. POST, JR.,
Secretary W. & W. R. R. Co.

je 21 td

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Schedule In Effect May 22, 1898

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.35 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.46 a. m., Warsaw 11.14 a. m., Goldsboro 12.08 a. m., Wilson 12.48 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:30 p. m., Tarboro 2:31 p. m., Weldon 3.28 p. m., Petersburg 5.34 p. m., Richmond 6:40 p. m., Norfolk 5.55 p. m., Washington 11:30 p. m., Baltimore 1:03 a. m., Philadelphia 3:50 a. m., New York 6:53 a. m., †Boston 3:00 p. m.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8:55 p. m., Warsaw 9:10 p. m., Goldsboro 10:10 p. m., Wilson 11.06 p. m., †Tarboro 6:45 a. m., Rocky Mount 11:57 p. m., Weldon 1:46 a. m., †Norfolk 10:10 a. m., Petersburg 3:14 a. m., Richmond 4 a. m., Washington 7:41 a. m., Baltimore 9:03 a. m., Philadelphia 11:25 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Boston 9:00 p. m.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4:13 p. m., Newbern 5:40 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4:56 p. m., Chadbourn 5:28 p. m., Marion 6:34 p. m., Florence 7:15 p. m., Sumter 9:22 p. m., Columbia 10:30 p. m., Denmark 6:12 a. m., Augusta 7:55 a. m., Macon 11:15 a. m., Atlanta 12:35 p. m., Charleston 10:50 p. m., Savannah 1:50 a. m., Jacksonville 7:30 a. m., St. Augustine 10:30 a. m., Tampa 5:05 p. m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.40 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1:03 p. m., *New York 9:00 p. m., Philadelphia 12:05 a m., Baltimore 2:50 a. m., Washington 4:30 a. m., Richmond 9:05 a. m., Petersburg 10:00 a. m., Norfolk 9:10 a. m., Weldon 11:50 a. m., Tarboro 12:20 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:10 p. m., Wilson 2:30 p. m., Goldsboro 3:05 p. m., Warsaw 3:59 p. m., Magnolia 4.12 p. m.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9:30 a. m., Philadelphia 12:09 p. m., Baltimore 2:25 p. m., Washington 3:46 p. m., Richmond 7:30 p. m., Petersburg 8:12 p. m., †Norfolk 3:30 p. m., Weldon 9:43 p. m., †Tarboro 6:00 p. m., Rocky Mount 5:40 a. m. Leave Wilson 6:23 a. m., Goldsboro 7:01 a. m., Warsaw 7.54 a. m., Magnolia 8:05 a. m.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9:00 a. m., Jacksonville 10:26 a. m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.20 P. M — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8:10 a. m., Sanford 3:07 p. m., Jacksonville 8:00 p. m., Savannah 1:45 a. m., Charleston 6:33 a. m., Columbia 5.45 a. m., Atlanta 7:50 a. m., Macon 9:00 a. m., Augusta 2:30 p. m., Denmark 4:17 p. m., Sumter 6:06 a. m., Florence 8:55 a. m., Marion 9:34 a. m., Chadbourn 10:30 a. m., Lake Waccamaw 11:09 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4:15 p. m., Halifax 4:30 p. m.; arrive Scotland Neck 5:20 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 a. m., Greenville 8:52 a. m.; arriving Halifax at 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:33 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; arrive Parmele 9:10 a. m. and 4:00 p. m.; returning leaves Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.; arrives Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:20 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5:30 p. m.; Sunday, 4:15 p. m.; arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m. and 6:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 a. m. and Sunday 9:00 a. m.; arrive Tarboro 10:05 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7:10 a. m.; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 8:30 a. m. Returning leaves Smithfied 9:03 a. m.; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 a. m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p. m.; arrives Nashville 5.05 p. m., Spring Hope 5.30 p. m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8.00 a. m., Nashville 8.35 a. m.; arrive Rocky Mount .05 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 8.10 a. m. and 4.15 p. m. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 a. m. and 10.00 p. m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.06 a. m., arrive Latta 9.24 a. m., Dillon 9.35 a. m., Rowland 9.50 a. m. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 p. m.; arrives Dillon 6.20 p. m., Latta 6.35 p. m., Pee Dee 7.00 p. m., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 9:25 a. m., Chadbourn 10:40 a. m.; arrive Conway 12:40 p. m.; leave Conway 2:45 p. m., Chadbourn 5:30 p. m.; arrive Hub 6:10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6:05 p. m., Manning 6:35 p. m.; arrive Lane's 7:13 p. m.; leave Lane's 8:34 a. m., Manning 9:08 a. m.; arrive Sumter 9:37 a. m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9:30 a. m., 7:40 p. m.; arrive Georgetown 12:00 m., 9:00 p. m.; leave Georgetown 7:00 a. m.; 3:30 p. m.; arrive Lane's 8:25 a. m.; 5:55 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:45 a. m.; arrive Darlington 9:18 a. m., Cheraw 10:30 a. m., Wadesboro 2:25 p. m.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:25 p. m.; arrive Darlington 8.50 p. m., Hartsville —— p. m., Bennettsville 9:46 p. m., Gibson 10:10 p. m. Leave Florence Sunday only 8.50 a. m., arrive Darlington 9.20 a. m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6:25 a. m., Bennettsville 6:49 a. m.; arrive Darlington 7:40 a. m. Leave Darlington 7:45 a. m.; arrive Florence 8:10 a. m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3:00 p. m., Cheraw 5:15 p. m., Hartsville 2:15 a. m., Darlington 6.29 a. m.; arrive Florence 7:00 p. m. Leave Darlington Sunday only 7.50 a. m., arrive Florence 8.15 a. m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2:17 p. m., 11:13 p. m.; arrive Selma 2.50 p. m., 11:58 p. m., Smithfield 3:03 p. m., Dunn 3:30 p. m., Fayetteville 4:25 p. m., 1:07 a. m., Rowland 6:00 p. m.; returning leave Rowland 9.50 a. m. Fayetteville 11:10 a. m., 10:25 p. m., Dunn 11:50 p. m., Smithfield 12:28 p. m., Selma 12:35 p. m. and 11:44 p. m., arrive Wilson 1:17 p. m., 12:19 a. m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad trains leave Sumter 4:29 a. m., Creston 5:17 a. m.; arrive Denmark 6:12 a. m. Returning leave Denmark 4:17 p. m., Creston 5:13 p. m., Sumter 6:33 p. m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5:45 a. m.; arrive Pregnalls 9:15 a. m. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10:00 a. m.; arrives Creston 3:50 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliot 11:10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; arrive Lucknow 1:00 p. m. and 8:30 p. m. Returning, leave Lucknow 6:05 a. m. and 2:00 p. m.; arrive Elliot 8:25 a. m. and 3:30 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

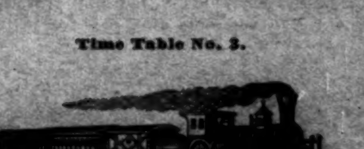
H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON Traffic Manager my 22 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.



To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST. GOING WEST.

3 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	3 Pass'g'r Trains Leave	STATIONS.	4 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	4 Pass'g'r Trains Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	....
....	4 32	Kinston	10 12	....
5 25	5 45	Newbern	8 57	9 10
6 57	7 02	Morehead City ..	7 40	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.23 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by

For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

dec 1 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 30, 1898

THE SITUATION AT MANILLA.

Advices Received in Washington from Admiral Dewey—Reports from Madrid. Desperate Fighting Expected.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The Navy Department to-day made public the following cablegram from Admiral Dewey, brought by the McCulloch to Hong Kong and, though, undated, supposed to have been sent from Cavite June 23rd:

"No change in the situation since my telegram of June 17th. Five German, three British, one French and one Japanese men-of-war in port. The insurgents are constantly closing in on the city. Aguinaldo, the insurgent leader, with thirteen of his staff, arrived May 18th, by my permission, on the Nanshan. He established himself at Cavite, outside of the arsenal, under the protection of our guns, and organized his army. The progress of Aguinaldo has been wonderful. He has invariably conducted the war humanely. My relations with him are cordial, but my conferences have generally been only of a personal nature."

Spaniards Determined.

MADRID, June 29, 10 A. M.—Dispatches received from Manila to day under date of June 24th say the Spaniards are determined to fight to the death and that there is every reason to believe that when the Americans arrive, desperate fighting will occur on land and sea.

It is supposed at Manila that the German warships will prevent the bombardment of that place and it is alleged that Prince Henry, of Prussia, is on his way there, on board a warship.

General Aguinaldo, the insurgent leader, declares that the family of Captain General Augusti, who are prisoners in his hands, are at Pan Panga and are well treated.

THE CARDENAS AFFAIR.

Captain Newcomb's Report Upon the Engagement in Which Worth Bagley Was Killed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The Navy Department has received from Acting Secretary Spalding, of the Treasury Department, a letter inclosing a report from Captain F. H. Newcomb, of the revenue cutter Hudson upon the engagement in Cardenas bay in which young Bagley was killed and Lieutenant Bernadou, commanding the torpedo boat Winslow, was badly wounded in the thigh. After telling how well his own crew acted, during the time they were under fire trying to rescue the Winslow, Captain Newcomb says: "I take pleasure in testifying to the remarkable bravery displayed by Lieutenant Bernadou and the men of the Winslow and consider it one of the greatest privileges of my life to have been an eye-witness of their conduct at a time when many men would have felt justified in abandoning all hope. With such officers and such men the American nation may well be proud of its navy."

CAMARA'S SQUADRON.

Detained at Port Said—The Audaz Disabled—A Case of Smallpox.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, June 29, 8 P. M.—The general public is very bitter against England because of her supposed unfriendliness regarding Admiral Camara's squadron. The subject is warmly discussed in all public places, though official circles are mute.

LONDON, June 30.—The Port Said correspondent of the *Daily Chronicle* telegraphing Wednesday says:

"Admiral Camara expected to sail to-morrow (Thursday) leaving the torpedo boat destroyers here. The repairs to the Audaz will occupy another ten days. The Colon has landed a man suffering from smallpox.

GEORGIA DEMOCRATS.

State Convention Ratified the Nominations Made at the Primaries.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA., June 29.—The Democrats of Georgia to-day formally placed in nomination the ticket chosen by them at the primaries June 3rd, with Allen D. Candler for Governor.

The construction of the Nicaragua canal is urged and the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 demanded. The election of Senators by direct vote of the people is favored and profound esteem and undiminished confidence is extended Hon. W. J. Bryan.

PENNSYLVANIA DEMOCRATS.

State Convention Nominations—Refused to Reaffirm the Chicago Platform.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ALTOONA, June 29.—The Democratic State Convention to-day nominated George A. Jenks, of Jefferson county, for Governor, and a State ticket

The convention was dominated by the friends of Wm. J. Bryan, led by Col. James M. Guffey, of Pittsburg. Notwithstanding this fact, an effort to insert a plank reaffirming the Chicago platform was defeated, the controlling influence in the convention preferring that the platform should relate entirely to State issues.

MESSAGE FROM HOBSON.

A Cablegram Received by the Father of the Lieutenant.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., June 29.—The *Age-Herald* will print to-morrow a special dispatch from Greensboro, Ala., the home of Judge Hobson, father of the hero of the Merrimac adventure at Santiago, giving a cablegram received from his son at Santiago to-day. The cablegram reads: "Santiago de Cuba, June 28.—My health continues good. Feel no uneasiness about me."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

SHAFTER MUST FIGHT SOON.

Opinion in Washington that Within a Day or Two He Will Attack Santiago.

SPANISH REINFORCEMENTS.

Eight Thousand of Pando's Forces Are Expected to Reach Santiago Sunday and Other Reinforcements for the Spaniards Expected.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The opinion prevails here that within a day or two at most, General Shafter will have begun his attack upon the city of Santiago proper. The important event of the day was the general's announcement that he could take the city in forty-eight hours, but at considerable loss. Taken in connection with the announcement contained in another dispatch that he is going to attack without awaiting reinforcements, it will be seen that the officials have ground for their expectation that the first general engagement of the war will begin in a very short time. Numerically, the opposing armies are not very different, the estimate of the Spanish force being placed at 14,000 men thoroughly entrenched and behind barbed wire fences and block houses, as against about 18,000 men under Shafter's command, aided by 4,000 Cubans. One of the gravest elements in the problem, however, is the Spanish warships, for unless Shafter is materially assisted by Sampson, who might engage the full attention of the Spanish ships, their fire upon the American advance officers say would bevery hard to meet.

Shafter Must Fight Soon.

The military authorities here say that General Linares has shown great military tact in slowly retiring during the last few days, as he has gradually drawn our troops away from the protection of the American ships and brought them close to the fire of the Spanish ships in Santiago harbor. For this reason, it was with relief that the announcement was received here that Shafter had succeeded in landing all of his artillery including his siege train, for unless Sampson can be relied upon to force his way into the harbor and attack the Spanish ships, the siege guns, planted on heights commanding the bay, will be the main reliance of General Shafter in off-setting the presence of the Spanish ironclads. Undoubtedly Shafter is animated to attack as soon as possible by his knowledge of the approach of the reinforcements for Linares from Manzanillo, for with this additional force Shafter's position would be disagreeable if not perilous, at least until he had received reinforcements. The War Department received the first definite news to-day as to the approach of these Spanish reinforcements. This was in an official dispatch, stating that 8,000 men with pack trains and droves of animals were advancing from Manzanillo and were fifty-four miles from Santiago. It has been known through reports from Lieutenant Joyce, made to Gen. Miles, that the Spaniards have 12,000 men at Manzanillo and 10,000 at Holguin, and every precaution has been taken to guard against their advance from either quarter. The official report to-day showed that 8,000 of those at Manzanillo had covered half the distance to Santiago, and it is the belief of military officials here that General Pando is making similar advance with his 10,000 men from Holguin. These advances, now practically unopposed, are regarded as one of the most serious phases of the situation.

There is the further element to which the military authorities are giving careful attention, that one man intrenched behind earthworks or in rifle pits, is worth three men in the open. It is said that the battles of Chancellorsville and Spottsylvania afford the most direct proof on this point.

It was announced at the War Department that by their reports 3,000 soldiers should be leaving Tampa today to join Shafter. They will be three or four days on the voyage and it is probable that it is this force that General Shafter refers to as likely to arrive too late for his action.

A Message from Dewey.

The Navy Department to-day gave out a message from Admiral Dewey which was brought to Hong Kong by the McCulloch, so that it must have left Cavite on the 23rd. The admiral made no reference to the landing of German marines and the officials here are satisfied that Germany is acting in good faith and according to the rules of neutrality.

The report that the Egyptian government had finally refused coal to Camara's fleet at Port Said has not yet been officially confirmed, but its accuracy is not questioned. There is still some doubt whether this refusal in itself will operate to prevent the further movement of the Spanish squadron towards the Philippines, as Madrid advices alleged a purpose on the part of the Spanish government to send additional colliers with the expedition to overcome the refusal of the various ports along the way to the Philippines to supply coal. There is a strong impression, however, that the Spanish government will avail itself of the pretext afforded by this refusal to turn the fleet back to Spain.

TENNESSEE DEMOCRATS.

McMillin Nominated for Governor—Chicago Platform Reaffirmed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., June 29.—Hon. Benton McMillin was nominated for Governor of Tennessee to night by the Democratic State Convention. The nomination was made by acclamation amid great enthusiasm. The platform endorses the enunciation of principles of the Chicago platform, and declares for the money of the constitution by a law providing for the free and unlimited coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the consent of any other nation; opposes the bond issue for raising war funds, and declares that non-interest bearing Treasury warrants would furnish a circulating medium that would accomplish all that was required in prosecuting war, and also declares that obligations of the United States should be paid in either gold or silver at the option of the government and not the creditor.

THE MODERN BEAUTY

Thrives on good food and sunshine, with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her form glows with health and her face blooms with its beauty. If her system needs the cleansing action of a laxative remedy, she uses the gentle and pleasant Syrup of Figs. Made by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

TROOPS HURRYING NO THE FRONT.

Preparations Almost Complete for a General Advance of the American Forces.

SCOUTING PARTIES ACTIVE.

Delay in Arrival of Subsistence Stores and Artillery—The Town of Aguadore Shelled by the Fleet—The Cubans Doing Good Work.

[Copyrighted 1898 by the Associated Press.]

AT THE FRONT ON THE RIO GUAMA, SECOND CROSSING, Tuesday June 28, 4 P. M. (per the Associated press dispatch boat Dauntless) via Port Antonio, Ja., June 29, 7 A. M., and Kingston, Jamaica, 9:30 A. M.—The preparations for a general advance of the American troops on Santiago de Cuba are being pushed steadily forward and troops of all branches of the service are being hurried to the front.

General Kent's division, consisting of the brigade of General Hawkins, Colonel Pearson and Colonel Worth, has joined General Lawton's division, and with the cavalry division of General Wheeler and four batteries of light artillery, will now be strung out in the rear of General Lawton's division.

The front still rests on the second crossing of the Rio Guama river, on the road to Santiago de Cuba, in the rear of the Sevilla hills and a mile and a half back. The brigade of General Bates, the Thirty-third Michigan regiment and a battalion of the Thirty-fourth Michigan regiment, which were landed yesterday by the auxiliary cruiser Yale, remain at Juragua or Sibony.

Forward Movement Delayed.

The delay in the general forward movement is due to the inability to get subsistence stores to the front rapidly enough. The advance, it is said, will not be ordered until every man has three days rations in his knapsack. This, however, is impossible until the road is passable for wagon trains. The pack trains can only convey one day's rations in a day. The men constructing the bridge roads have the work almost completed and this afternoon the first wagon train of four 6-mule teams will go through. In two or three days more every man will have three days rations in his knapsack and as soon as that occurs the army will move upon the enemy.

The day has been utilized to good advantage. Although the Cubans affect to have a thorough knowledge of the country and the trails, nothing is taken for granted and the whole country, front and flank, is being thoroughly reconnoitred and an accurate map has been made by the engineers. Much of the information thus obtained will be of inestimable value.

Scouting Parties.

Last night, General Mendonca, of General Lawton's staff, made a reconnoissance up to the very trenches of the enemy, their sentries talking on picket duty being plainly heard. Corporal Dewey and nine sharpshooters from the Seventh infantry went out at dark last night, with one day's rations, toward the Spanish lines and they have not yet returned, but no fear is entertained for their safety. It is believed they are probably lying in the bush waiting for night.

At daylight this morning, Lieutenant Smith, of the Fourth infantry, with a detail of fifty men from the Seventh infantry, under Lieutenant Dearfos, crossed the San Juan and went in a northeasterly direction as far as Caney—or El Gaumey as it is marked on the maps—without encountering any Spanish troops, and fifty men of company A, Seventh regiment, under Captain Young, also made a reconnoissance in force. The Spaniards have seemingly retired to their entrenchments, as no pickets or skirmishers were encountered.

General Lawton, General Wheeler and General Chaffee have had riders out beyond our advance posts several times.

Captain Wright, of General Bates' staff, to-day followed the line of the railroad running out of Juragua toward Santiago de Cuba, to within two and one-half miles of the city. The road approaches within a mile and one-half of our front and can be utilized to bring up supplies and siege guns; the first of which were landed at Bauquiri this afternoon.

Shelling Aguidores.

As soon as the remaining battalions of the Thirty-fourth Michigan and Eighth Massachusetts, which arrive on the Harvard to-morrow, and the six thousand reinforcements sent out from Tampa, reach here, Aguidores, a town on the coast, four miles west of Juragua and about the same distance east of the harbor entrance, will be taken. The place was shelled to-day by several ships of the fleet, Aguidores is on the line of the advance of the army into the interior and close to the railroad. It will then probably become the base of operations, while the supply bases may remain at Juragua Captain Wright, on his reconnoissance, obtained information, which is believed to be reliable, to the effect that three thousand Spanish troops have been sent to reinforce the garrison at Aguidores.

General Lawton will probably make a diversion with his artillery, so soon as it is placed in position. Heavy rain this afternoon made it impossible to move to-day beyond General Wheeler's headquarters. But the roads will dry quickly, the guns will probably be brought to-morrow, and the intrenchments will be shelled by the artillery and by Colonel Wood's dynamite guns. The shrapnell fire will be more used by the artillery. The guns are thirty-two ten-inches and with shrapnell, they are effective at 3,500 yards.

Spaniards Fear Dynamite.

The Cubans say the Spaniards are in deadly fear of dynamite, and Gen. Lawton will see how he can terrify them.

Simultaneously with the bombardment, General Chaffee's brigade will move forward and occupy a position of vital importance in advance of our front. The correspondent of the Associated Press is not permitted at present to divulge its location.

The military telegraph line has been completed as far as General Wheeler's headquarters, thus placing the front in direct communication with Gen. Shafter, who still maintains his headquarters on board the Seguranca, where he can keep in close touch with Rear Admiral Sampson. It is probable, however, that he will establish his headquarters at Juragua to-morrow or Thursday.

The troops belonging to General Lawton's division are kept ready to move, in light marching order, while the reconnoitring parties are out. This precaution is considered necessary in order to avoid disaster in case the small parties of troops should collide with the Spaniards in force. Not a single skirmish has occurred thus far.

Cubans Do Good Work.

The Cubans under General Castillo are doing commendable work as advance pickets. They are thrown out, day and night, from half a mile to a mile in advance of our pickets, along the front and flanks, thus forming a double cordon about the army. There are now more than thirteen thousand men at the front.

Drinking water for the troops at the front is obtained from the Rio Gurma, a stream full of springs, running direct from the mountains. The water is remarkably good and is now carefully guarded from pollution. The Cubans and our soldiers bathed in it at first, but strict orders have been issued against such practices in the future and sentinels have been placed to enforce the orders.

Strict orders have also been issued about eating the great variety of tropical fruits, mangoes, oranges, etc., in which the woods abound, the only exception being made in the cases of milk from green cocoanuts, which is considered healthy and refreshing, and limes. Some of our men made themselves sick through eating fruit. An epidemic of measles, which was started on board one or two transports, is spreading to the camp and about twenty new cases have broken out to-day. The disease is not dangerous, but the men attacked have been sent to the rear, where they have airy quarters.

Soldiers Cheerful.

Our boys are cheerful in spite of the excessive heat and the hard fare which thus far has been confined exclusively to coffee, hard tack and bacon, a diet hardly suited for the climate. Rice would make a splendid staple here. But the great deprivation is that both men and officers are suffering from the lack of tobacco.

The men are remarkably steady and confident. The pickets show none of the nervousness which might be expected and there are practically no alarms or "phantom firing" on the lines at night. Two reconnoitring parties, one of the Ninth cavalry and the other the Twenty-fourth infantry, collided this morning, and several shots were exchanged, fortunately, without accident, before their identity was established.

Santiago's Water Supply.

SIBONY, PROVINCE OF SANTIAGO DE CUBA, June 28, via Kingston, Ja., June 29, 10:30 A. M.—It is reported here to-night, on apparently good authority, that the water supply of Santiago de Cuba has been cut off. If this proves true, the city is at our mercy.

General Wheeler to-day forwarded his official report of the encounter between the Spaniards and Colonel Young's and Colonel Wood's commands. The officers are highly complimented for their dash and courage. The general says there is absolutely no warrant for the statement that our troops were ambushed. He says the attack was deliberately planned, from knowledge in his possession, the night before.

The Flying Squadron.

[Copyrighted 1898 by the Associated Press.]

ON THE ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH BOAT DAUNTLESS, OFF SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Tuesday, June 28, night, via Port Antonio, Jamaica, Wednesday morning, June 29, by way of Kingston, Jamaica, June 29, 1 P. M.—The flying squadron, hitherto commanded by Commodore Schley, has lost its identity by an order issued to-day by Rear Admiral Sampson, and it has been merged into the fleet under the admiral. The order caused considerable surprise on board the Brooklyn, which has been the flagship of the flying squadron, where it was supposed the squadron would remain intact, at least until the fall of Santiago de Cuba. Commodore Schley has been assigned to command the second squadron, attached to Admiral Sampson's fleet.

Gen. Pando's Forces.

From two Cuban officers picked up by the Vixen to-day it has been learned that General Pando is moving eastward from Manzanillo with 8,700 Spanish troops for the purpose of assisting the beleaguered city of Santiago de Cuba. The Cubans had come to Aserradoes, in small boats, with dispatches from General Rios for Admiral Sampson and General Rabi. They report that General Pando has with him seven battalions (numbering 8,700 men) with cattle and a pack train with provisions. He left Manzanillo, province of Santiago de Cuba, on June 22nd, to relieve General Linares. The Spaniards were moving at the rate of twelve miles a day when the messengers left and, at their present speed, it is expected they will reach Santiago de Cuba next Sunday, July 3rd.

The Cubans have a small force hanging on the Spanish flank and rear, and are harassing Gen. Pando's troops at every step. Manzanillo is 172 miles west of Santiago de Cuba, and the roads are in bad condition. The Cubans say that if Gen. Pando reaches his goal it will be with less than half the force he started with. The Cubans who are harassing him only number about 200 men, but in the passes and in the bush they are at a great advantage. It is probable that immediate steps will be taken to throw a force of Americans and Cubans between General Pando and General Linares. Pressed as the latter is on the east, he could not spare a man for a sortie to the west.

Admiral Sampson has ascertained that Admiral Cervera's fleet has moved into the upper harbor of Santiago de Cuba.

General Shafter, in his dispatches to the Secretary of War, complimented the fleet for its assistance in landing troops.

With the soldiers landed from the Yale yesterday and General Garcia's army transported from the westward, 21,000 men in all have been disembarked in the vicinity of Santiago de Cuba.

SAILED FOR MANILA.

Departure of Gen. Merritt and Staff From San Francisco.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—The speedy steamer Newport, bearing Major General Wesley Merritt, military governor of the Philippines, and his staff, beside the Astor light battery and companies H and K of the Third United States artillery, and detachments from the Signal Corps, sailed to-day for Manila.

The Newport will make an effort to overtake the third fleet of transports, which sailed on Monday, after the fleet reaches Honolulu, where the vessels will coal and take on fresh supplies before proceeding to Manila. General Merritt is very anxious to avoid an encounter with any vessel of the Spanish navy and will issue orders to the fleet at Honolulu to make all possible speed.

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Summary of Games Played Yesterday by the Clubs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Chicago—Chicago, 12; New York, 5.
Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 4; Brooklyn, 2.
Cleveland—Cleveland, 3; Boston, 0.
St. Louis—St. Louis, 3; Washington, 2.
Louisville—Louisville, 4; Baltimore, 3.
Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 9; Philadelphia, 8.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

Resolution Adopted in the Senate Tendering Thanks to Common Seamen.

GENERAL DEFICIENCY BILL.

The Measure Passed with Amendments. A Political Episode in the House. Army Measures Passed—Bills Sent to Conference.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—A precedent that will be historic was established by the Senate at the session to-day. For probably the first time in the history of the Senate, a resolution was adopted tendering the thanks of Congress to common seamen, specifically naming them in the resolution. The resolution elicited several patriotic speeches, in which the private soldiers of the army and the common sailors of the navy were glowingly eulogized. The resolutions recommended by the President were adopted, tendering the thanks of Congress to Naval Constructor Hobson, and the other heroes of the Merrimac, and to Lieutenant Frank H. Newcomb, commander of the cutter Hudson, for his gallant rescue of the Winslow and her crew off Cardenas; and retiring on full pay Captain Hogdsden of the McCulloch, for distinguished services at Manila. The transfer of Mr. Hobson from the construction corps of the navy to the line was also provided for.

Consideration of the General Deficiency bill was concluded, and the measure was passed. An amendment of great importance was attached to the bill, practically by general consent. It relates to the settlement of the claims of the government against the Pacific railroads. It was offered by Senator Morgan, of Alabama, who made a strong appeal to the Senate for its adoption before it was agreed to.

An amendment offered by Senator Butler, North Carolina, providing for a fish cultural station in North Carolina and appropriating $15,000 for the purpose was agreed to. Also, the following amendment, offered by Senator Hale, Maine: For purchase by condemnation or otherwise of not less than 800 acres of land at not exceeding $50 per acre in Pearl harbor, Hawaiian islands, for a coaling and repair station, $40,000; and for dredging the bar in said harbor to secure a channel of not less than 30 feet in depth, $105,000; in all $145,000.

The bill as passed carries about $227,000,000 and is the largest sum carried by any appropriation measure since the civil war.

After the passage of the deficiency bill consideration of the Hawaiian annexation resolution was resumed, Senator Caffery, Democrat, Louisiana, concluding his speech in opposition to annexation.

At 5.05 P. M. the Senate went into executive session and at 6 o'clock adjourned.

House of Representatives.

The House to-day disposed of a number of measures, and incidentally enjoyed a speech from Mr. Allen, of Mississippi, precipitated by a political episode, in which Mr. Grosvenor, Republican, Ohio, and Mr. Bailey, Democrat, Texas, figured as the principals. Mr. Allen proposed that a company of Congressmen be raised and go to Cuba.

After sending the Indian and Sundry Civil bills back to conference, consideration of bills from the Military Affairs Committee, under the rule adopted yesterday, proceeded. Notable among the measures passed were those providing for the enlistment of cooks in the army; providing for the protection of the harbor defences and fortifications against wanton and malicious injury, and giving the Secretary of War discretion to permit any church or religious sect to erect its house of worship upon the West Point military reservation. The last-named bill precipitated considerable discussion, it being framed at the instance of Catholic effort, but giving equal privileges to all churches.

The bill to add cheese and canned corn to the army rations occasioned a long debate, and it was during its consideration that Mr. Allen spoke and the Grosvenor-Bailey incident took place. Mr. Allen, criticising and replying to a feature of the Ohio member's Ohio convention speech, in which the latter referred to the minority as universally opposing war measures, caused Mr. Grosvenor to answer. He contended that his speech was justified by the facts and, proceeding, declared he was no more amenable to criticism than were Democratic authorities. In this connection, he read from a Washington newspaper, a Democratic organ, he said, an editorial in line with his convention speech. It contained a severe arraignment of Democratic leadership and Mr. Grosvenor created a sensation by declaring emphatically it was written by a Democratic member of the House. From that assertion sprung the incident during which demands for the name of the Democrat were made and refused, and during which Mr. Bailey and Mr. Grosvenor indulged in pointed personal colloquy.

The Senate bill providing for a second assistant secretary of war was defeated—50 to 62.

The House adjourned at 6 o'clock, the yeas and nays having been ordered upon an amendment offered by Mr. Otey, Virginia, to the bill adding chewing and smoking tobacco to the ration of soldiers.

SPANISH CRUISER WRECKED.

Grounded and Exploded Her Boiler While Running from U. S. Warships.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, June 29, 6.30 P. M.—The cruiser Antonio Lopez, while trying to enter the river San Juan, near San Juan de Porto Rico, secretly, with a cargo of provisions and war material, was detected by two American warships, but escaped by swiftly changing her course. Her captain, determined to land his cargo, headed for shore at Salinao. The shock of grounding exploded the boiler. It is not known whether there was any loss of life. The Spanish gunboats Concha and Isabella issued to the assistance of the Antonio Lopez, whereupon the Americans withdrew and the Antonio Lopez landed her cargo.

NEWARK UNINJURED.

Commodore Watson's Flagship in Collision With the Dolphin.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Secretary Long has received word from Commodore Remey, at Key West that the flagship Newark, with Commodore Watson aboard, has been in collision with the Dolphin. The Newark was uninjured but the Dolphin sustained considerable damage. She is now on her way north to a drydock. No details are obtainable.

RUMORS FROM SANTIAGO.

U. S. Cruiser Brooklyn Said to Have Been Sunk and Commodore Schley and Seamed Killed.

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KINGSTON, JA., June 29, 11 P. M.—The Spanish consul here has received a cablegram from Santiago de Cuba, asserting that the United States cruiser Brooklyn has been struck by a Spanish shell, which sank the vessel and killed Commodore Schley and twenty-four seamen.

The Spanish consul really believes the "news," and the Spaniards all over the city are drinking champagne and rejoicing.

It has also been reported to the Spanish consul from Santiago that an extensive mine has been laid which will blow up half the American army when it enters the city.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—At 1.15 o'clock this morning when officers on duty at the Navy Department were shown a copy of the above dispatch, they expressed disbelief in the story. Not a word has been received from Admiral Sampson, they said, since Tuesday night, and the officers regard it as certain that had anything of the kind recounted in the dispatch happened, the admiral would immediately have informed the department.

KINGSTON, JA., June 29, 9.30 P. M.—Senor Shaves, formerly secretary to Governor-General Blanco but now a Spanish agent in Jamaica, has chartered two English schooners, the Governor Blake and the Ocean Flower, to convey food to Manzanillo for the Spanish troops.

The vessels are now loading at Montego bay.

Admiral Sampson has been notified and they will probably be turned back by an American cruiser.

SPAIN'S THIRD SQUADRON.

Camara's Ships Said to Have Begun Passage of the Suez Canal.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, June 29.—In an interview this afternoon Lieutenant General Correa, minister of war, said the government had no special news from Cuba but took a favorable view of the situation. He asserted that Admiral Camara's squadron had begun the passage of the Suez canal.

It is announced that the Vittoria, the Numancia, the Alfonso XIII and the Lepanto, all armored cruisers, are ready to form the third squadron. The armored cruiser Cardenal Cisneros and the torpedo gunboat Dona Maria de Molina, with several auxiliary cruisers and torpedo boats that are to be included, will be ready shortly.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Republican State convention of Arkansas nominated a full State ticket, headed by H. F. Auten, of Pulaski county, for governor. There is not a negro on the ticket.

Steps have been taken to make Fort Monroe an important hospital point, and it is said that 600 sick and wounded soldiers from the South will be sent there as soon as the arrangements are completed.

Tom Sharkey, the sailor pugilist, of California, knocked out Gus Ruhlin, the Ohio Giant, in less than one round last night before the Greater New York Athletic Club at Coney Island.

Specials being sent out from Tampa to the effect that there is a great deal of sickness there are absolutely untrue. This statement is not made simply in a spirit of contradiction, but is made from a positive knowledge of the actual condition.

Admiral Camara asked permission to coal at Port Said, but the Egyptian government, believing the Spanish ships have sufficient coal to steam to the nearest port of their own country, definitely refused his request, in accordance with the neutrality laws.

A west-bound passenger train on the Wabash railroad was wrecked near Burlington junction, Mo. The locomotive jumped the track and the mail, baggage, smoking and chair cars followed, rolling down an embankment. A score of passengers were hurt, several of them seriously.

The London *Daily Mail* announces that the United States has purchased the steamers Alexandria, Boadicea, Victoria, Cleopatra and Winifreda, of the Wilson and Furness-Leyland line. They are all nearly new, and each has a tonnage of about 7,000.

CURIOUS STATISTICS.

What a Healthy Man Consumes In Seventy Years of Life.

Taken all in all, a healthy man with a good appetite and moderate thirst consumes in 70 years 90½ tons of solid and liquid foods. If the consumer weighs, say, 150 pounds, he will eat and drink during his lifetime 1,280 times his own weight. Transforming all this foodstuff into mechanical labor, the strength derived would be sufficient to lift 87,600,000 tons one foot from the ground or to raise the Forth bridge at Edinburgh, which weighs 264,600,000 pounds, to a height of 1,235 feet.

Excluding the first 20 years of a lifetime, the quantity of cigarettes consumed by a regular smoker who smokes a dozen every day would in 50 years reach the number of 219,000, or a monster rolled cigarette more than 16 feet in length and about 5 feet thick, beside which the tallest man would resemble a veritable dwarf. A cigar smoker consuming six of his favorite brand a day would during his lifetime smoke a gigantic cigar of more than 16 feet long and almost 2½ feet thick. It would weigh 4,410 pounds and would take the suction power of a steam engine to puff it.

As the smoking habit is not necessary to existence it is easily seen how much money a smoker wastes in the course of years. A pipe smoker consumes in his lifetime a half ton of tobacco.—New York Herald.

The Cave Dweller as an Artist.

We must remember that there are no such things as lines in nature. Whether we use them to represent a human profile, the depth of a shadow, the darkness of a cloak or a thundercloud, they are mere conventional symbols. They were invented a long time ago by a distinguished sportsman who was also a heaven born amateur artist—the John Leech of his day—who engraved for us (from life) the picture of a mammoth on one of its own tusks. And we have accepted them ever since as the cheapest and simplest way of interpreting in black and white for the wood engraver. —George du Maurier in Harper's Magazine.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cent per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

ICE, ICE, ICE,.

In Any Quantity From

10 POUNDS TO 100 TONS.

Careful Personal Attention Given All Orders.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

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BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES

"THE PEACE MAKERS"

When You Wish to Talk Stoves and Ranges Just Bear In Mind Buck Goods Are the Finest and Best Made In America

This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other STOVES from the cheapest up.

Wm. E. Springer & Co., Gen'l Agts.

Auction Sale.

THE BALANCE OF THE HEINSBERGER STOCK

OF BOOKS, PICTURES, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, SHEET MUSIC, FANCY GOODS, &c., WILL BE SOLD AT AUCTION.

Sale begins Monday, June 20th, at 11 o'clock,

and each day thereafter until entire stock is sold.

C. W. YATES & CO.

je 19 tf

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpareil Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, fo **1 cent** per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than **20 cents.** Terms positively cash in advance.

Summer Pasturage for horses. Best of attention at reasonable prices. Satisfaction guaranteed. S. J. Davis, Livery and Sales Stables, 206-210 Market street. je 30 1w

Notice—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Navassa Guano Company will be held at their office in this city, on Tuesday, July 5th, at 11 o'clock A. M. Wm. L. DeRossett, Secretary and Treasurer. je 28 4t tu th sa tu

Photographer Runaway.—U. C. Ellis has run way ahead of his competitors and the public concedes him the right of way for the finest possible Photographs. Your work solicited. 114 Market street. je 26 1m

A Choice Lot of Georgia Watermelons, Peaches, Apples and Tomatoes just received. Call on me or ring up Bell Phone No. 38. H. J. Bierman. je 21 tf

C. S. Garrell has opened a produce commission business at 7 North 2nd street. Shipments from the country solicited and will be handled with care and promptness. City merchants requested to ask for prices. je 16 D&W 1m

How About Some Fine country Hams? You can get them from L. Tate Bowden, 6 Princess street. See him for anything you want in country produce. je 4 tf

M. C. Benson, Produce Commission Merchant, 106 Dock street, is the place to get your Cow Peas, Black-eye Peas, Butter, Chickens, Eggs and N. C. Hams. je 3 tf

Cow Peas for planting. Hay, Grain and all kinds of feed. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Both Phones No. 92. je 2 tf

Just Received Big Lot fresh Mountain Butter. Only 15c pound. Also big stock Strawberries and all kinds of vegetables. Both phones 183. L. Clayton Grant, successor to R. E. Ward, 213 Market street. my 25 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

Always Reliable.—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208. sep 21 tf

HOTEL STEWART.

Rates $2.00 Per Day.

West Centre St., opposite R. R. Ticket Office. feb 28tf Goldsboro, N. C.

Oyez, Oyez, Oyez!

Grand Free Distribution OF THE Celebrated Tate Springs Mineral Water.

ICE COLD.

Come one, Come all, and try this Healing, Curing Water. A young lady will serve it to you Free, Free, Free, Free. Circulars and testimonials of its grand merits will be handed each one.

Only Given Away One Day, Saturday, June 25th.

S. W. SANDERS,

je 55 tf AT THE UNLUCKY CORNER.

Watermelons.

FIRST CAR OF

Georgia Watermelons

HAS ARRIVED.

QUALITY UNEXCELLED.

Will Be Sold Monday Morning in Lots to Suit. Call Early.

The Worth Company.

je 26 tf

The C. W. Polvogt Co.,

No. 9 North Front Street.

"New-blown" Conceits in Ladies' Summer Furnishings!

Here are the furnishings you need right now—bright with the first flush of newness—most of them brand-new novelties—fresh, crisp—not picked over or handled. They appeal especially to up-to-date

Women of Taste.

Striped Linen Crash at **20c per yard.**

White Duck, **10, 12 1-2 and 15c.**

40-inch White Victoria Lawn, special **10c.**

Remnants of India Linen, **8, 10 and 15c.**

Special lot of 20c Organdies, a Bargain at **10c.**

35c French Organdies, to close at **25c.**

Zephyr Ginghams for Waists at **15c.**

Bathing Suits, Bathing Caps, in Gent's, Ladies and Children's Suits from **85c to $5.00.**

Caps, 15 to 75c.

Just received 50 pieces of Mattings. Those who wish

Good Matting

will do well to inspects our line.

Full stock of

Mosquito Nets, Hammocks, Trunks and Bags.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

Sole Agents for W. B. CORSETS and STANDARD PATTERNS. je 12 tf

The Mother Eagle Calls Her New Chicks

(Philippina, Cuba and Porto Rico) home to roost. She thinks they are not very pretty, but for a Fourth of July present they will do. Our chickens are plump and tempting, and for a Fourth of July meal or any other meal they are tender and toothsome. Our Steaks, Chops and Roasts are the choicest cuts to be found anywhere.

I. B. RHODES.

je 21 tf

New Wheat Flour.

200 Barrels New Flour.
160 Barrels 1-8 Flour.
100 Barrels 1-4 Flour.
100 Barrels 1-2 Flour.
25 Barrels 1-16 Flour.
25 Barrels Best Patent Flour

PRICES TERRIBLY DOWN.

W. B. Cooper,

Wholesale Grocer, Wilmington, N. C.

je 26 tf

Blue Ridge Springs The Favorite Summer Resort of the Virginia Mountains. Twenty six consecutive seasons under the management of PHIL. F. BROWN.

my 29 2m